THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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Evening Edition.

Atlanta, Ga., September 8, 1870.

Supreme Court Decisions.

The head notes of the Decisions of the Supreme Court, for the last term, are now ready, in pamphlet form, at this office. Price, one dollar.

Judge Stephens' Letter.

In another column will be found Judge Stephens' letter accepting the chairmanship of the Democratic Executive Committee.

Legislative Sketches.

THE CONSTITUTION will give a series of sketches of the leading members of the General Assembly. They are written by an accomplished and reliable reporter. They will be found to be interesting.

Democrats, to Your Posts.

So many bad measures are being introduced, and so many dead things brought up in new shape in the Legislature, that no good member should be absent. Georgia cannot spare a man. Democrats, to your posts.

Napoleon.

Grammont, Napoleon's friend and one of his ex-ministers, who has fled to England, thinks the present provisional government can not stand; but he refuses to give an opinion as to Napoleon's fate of the doom of his dynasty.

It may not be uninteresting to give the predictions of Louis Napoleon, made in 1839 about the future of Europe. It will be seen that he foretells the success of the Bonaparte dynasty.

The present condition of things does not vindicate him as a prophet.

One nation is urged on against another, and the one is employed to accomplish the subjection of the other. The French liberate the Italians from the yoke of Austria; Germany and England remain neutral, for what do they care about the Austrians in Italy? This is the first war. When the power of Austria is broken, then comes the turn of neutral Germany and Prussia—with Spain and Austria, but with the aid of the Italians. This is the second war; by which the German question, the Rhine and Danish question, the Scheldt alluvium question—that is, the incorporation of Belgium and Holland in France—will be solved. The third war will be directed against England. The object or pretext will be to free the oppressed nationalities, the Irish and Scotch, as well as the colonies, from the English rule—to break the power of England on sea, and to dismember Great Britain. Whatever power can dispose of ships-of-war must help. Then the great Western Empire of the Napoleon dynasty will be complete, and the other half of the world, the Eastern Empire, is Russia, against which, after she has been the ally and auxiliary, the last war will be declared.

In opposition to this prophecy, we give the synopsis of another prophecy made by a Monk named D'Orval, who flourished several centuries back. It must be confessed that so far D'Orval has Napoleon on the hip. His vaticinations seem to have more gum in them.

The D'Orval prophecy traced out distinctly the wonderful career of Napoleon the Great—his overthrow—his return from Elba, and his final downfall—the ascent of Louis Napoleon to the throne—the Crimean war, and other incidents, ending with the final downfall of Louis Napoleon by a bloody conquest at Paris in which the Seine becomes red with the blood of the French, after which a young Prince of the old legitimate stock reigns in France with great prosperity and popularity. With this the prophecy ends.

But the thing is not over. Who dreamed six weeks ago that to-day things would be as they are between France and Prussia? France humiliated and a Republic, and Napoleon a prisoner and crownless. Prussia grandly victorious, and the master of France, and her monarch a madman.

Napoleon yet lives. His son will soon be grown. The Bonsparte prestige is a power. French nature is mercurial.

Let no man think his sagacity can read the future. We have seen strange things that upset every calculation of human logic or experience. This sort of thing has by no means quit. And we may look for strange things again. And the resuscitation of the Napoleonic dynasty is strange enough to happen again.

Judge Linton Stephens Accepts the Chairmanship of the Democratic Executive Committee.

SPARTA, GA., September 6, 1870.

Colonel R. A. Alston, Secretary of the Democratic Executive Committee of Georgia—DEAR SIR: Your letter was duly received informing me that I was chosen chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of this State, at a meeting held at Atlanta on the 1st instant, in pursuance of a call from the President of the Democratic Convention to assemble at the time and place and complete their organization by electing a chairman outside of their own number.

While sending to the committee, through you, my acceptance of the position assigned, and my sincere acknowledgement of the honor conferred, I take this occasion to express my own views on a subject, which the committee have brought before the public, by taking action on it before their selected chairman had accepted his appointment, and before, therefore, they had a complete organization, or even the number required by the resolution of the convention providing for the formation of an Executive Committee.

The subject to which I allude is the selection of candidates in the approaching election with a reference to their eligibility under existing so-called laws, and the certainty of their being allowed to take their seats if elected. The recommendation which some members of the committee, in its unorganized and incomplete state, have given to the people on this subject, is already receiving different interpretations. For my own part, I am at a total loss to imagine how any man elected to Congress from this State could have any "certainty" of being allowed to take his seat, without avowing his unconditional adhesion to the creed of the Radical party. If the recommendation means this, it will be promptly repudiated by every true Democrat in the United States; and I will not do the members of the committee, who put forth the recommendation, the injustice to believe, for a single moment, that they intended it to reach to this extent; nor can I believe, as some suppose, that they intended to advise the people to put forth only such candidates as can take the iron-clad or test oath.

The difficulty of making a recommendation which should present any uniform rule applicable alike to elections for Congress and elections for the State Legislature, was foreseen by the recent Democratic Convention, and induced the Business Committee of that body, and that body itself, to forego the attempt. I must also remark that the gentleman who have put forth the recommendation in question have fallen into a mistake as to there having been any recommendation on this subject from the Democratic Executive Committee of the United States. On the contrary, the whole subject of eligibility of candidates, as affected by so-called disabilities, has been left by the National Democratic organization, and by the Democratic State Convention, without any recommendation at all, leaving the members of the party everywhere perfectly free to shape their action according to their own convictions of principle and policy in the different localities. But since the subject has been brought before the public in a quasi official form by members of the Committee with which I am officially connected, I deem it due to myself to make known my own distinct and strong convictions as to the course required by sound policy and sanctioned by sound principles.

As to members of the Legislature, I think the people should select only those who are free from all the so-called disabilities, and this simply as a matter of policy. The Legislature will be subject to the manipulation of the dominant party at Washington, and that party will certainly exclude from it all persons who may be subject to any of the disabilities which they have prescribed for and attempted to fix upon that class of officers. For the Legislature we have abundant sound material, which is free from all disabilities prescribed for that class; and by electing a Legislature from this material, we shall either get a sound administration of State affairs or else drive the enemies of constitutional liberty into the perpetration of some new outrage, and thus pile up and accelerate the retribution which awaits them at the hands of an indignant people. It must be borne in mind that the iron-clad or test oath has not yet been required for members of the Legislature.

Members of Congress stand on a different footing, and with regard to them I believe a different policy is demanded. In their case the iron-clad or test-oath is required. Let not our people persuade themselves that the party now dominant in Congress will dispense with that oath in individual cases or by general repeal, except for a consideration—a price paid or to be paid. That price will be nothing less than the acceptance of all their usurpations as "fixed facts," without even a pledge against unlimited usurpations in the future. I firmly believe it would be far better that our people should remain forever *unrepresented*, than that they should be *misrepresented* by men who can either take that oath or get a dispensation from it. It is idle and foolish to expect the Radical party, in the present condition of affairs, to admit into Congress any real representatives of our people. They will accept only those who would destroy our moral power by misrepresenting and debasing us. Let us, therefore, dismiss all idea of getting real representatives into a Congress where there is a Radical majority; and let us not forget that a true Democratic Congress will admit any members who may have the qualifications required by the *true constitution*, stripped of the destructive usurpations which are attempted to be foisted upon it by no higher authority than Congressional enactments and Presidential proclamations.

There are, and can be, no disqualifications or disabilities for members of Congress, but such as are prescribed by the constitution itself; and by the constitution, I mean that sacred instrument in its purity as contra-distinguished from the so-called 14th and 15th amendments. This doctrine was solemnly and repeatedly adjudicated by Congress itself, in its better days. It has never been violated but by Radical revolutionary violence. And never let it be forgotten that this violation now perpetrated in the name, and under color, of the 14th and 15th amendments, was equally perpetrated by the same revolutionary party before the passage of either one of those so-called amendments. I remark just here, in passing, that the 13th amendment, abolishing slavery, stands upon an entirely different footing, and, in my judgment, constitutes a valid part of the constitution.

This doctrine—that the only possible disqualifications or disabilities for members of Congress are those to be found in the constitution itself—always observed in the better days of the government, and violated only by revolutionary radicalism, will certainly be respected and enforced by every true Democratic Congress in the future.

I think, therefore, that we should select members of Congress without the slightest regard to so-called disabilities, except that we should not fail to send, at least, some who are subject to them, and who have ability to show their invalidity and enormity. They must have a bearing on the question of their right to seats, and that question well argued on the theatre of Congress would make this country from centre to circumference. Our strength lies in attack—in attacking the usurpations and enormities of the party who are seeking to overthrow our whole system of government, by first crushing out the States which stand as the obstacle in the way of their scheme of centralization and consequent unobstructed public plunder. Our strength is in the truth, and their weakness is in their guilt. Our policy is not to shrink from the contest, but to wage unremitting war on the field of truth and reason; and we must bring forward such issues as will reveal the malignity of their designs and the enormity of their guilt. It is a time when powardice is folly and weakness, and courage is wisdom and strength. We are invincible on the issues if they are rightly made; and let us remember that no body ever gained a victory by running away from the battle-field.

These outline ideas may be enlarged, if the committee shall hereafter submit an address to the people of Georgia.

Yours, very respectfully,

LINTON STEPHENS.

Hon. Council B. Wooten.

This gentleman was born in Pulaski county, Georgia, on the 30th day of August, 1832, and is consequently thirty-eight years of age. He is about six feet high, of florid complexion, dark hair, and bluish grey eyes.

The father of Mr. Wooten is a farmer, and was in moderate circumstances. The services of the subject of this sketch being required about the business of the farm, his educational advantages were very meagre up to the age of eighteen, when he went to the Academy of Mr. Hicks, a noted teacher in the county of Randolph. After remaining at the Academy some two years he engaged in teaching, in order to raise money to assist in defraying the expenses of a collegiate course. He entered Emory College in 1854, and was graduated in 1856.

He commenced the study of the law at once, which study he prosecuted in the office of Judge Linton Stephens, of Sparta. His examination upon the windings and intricacies of technical learning in law, though some think them to be as difficult to be traced as the mazes of the Cretan labyrinth, had been lighted up, and a safety lamp fixed in every mine worth exploring, by his distinguished preceptor, and, after standing a highly creditable examination, was admitted to the bar in November, 1856, and entered at once upon a practice which far exceeded his anticipations for its extent and lucrativeness at the outbreak of the war.

Mr. Wooten being the Captain of a volunteer company raised in his county, was placed with his company in the 5th Georgia Regiment, twelve months volunteers. He was afterwards Major of a battalion of cavalry. Mr. W. was Solicitor General of the Pataula Circuit nearly three years. His intelligence and principle, his regard to official duties and desire for justice, gave him great popularity in his office. As a Solicitor, haste or anxiety never caused him to forget that spirit which elicits truth with purity and freedom. His amenity of manners as a Solicitor and as an Attorney has placed no stain on the courtesy of the profession.

Mr. W. was elected without opposition to the Constitutional Convention of 18-5. The course pursued by him in the Convention is too well known to refer to.

He resides in Dawson, Terrell county, Georgia, in the 11th Senatorial District, from which he was elected to the present Senate, by a majority of over eleven hundred.

Mr. Wooten, as has been stated, is a lawyer by profession, and enjoys an extensive and remunerative practice.

He ranks among the leading members of the Senate, and is, perhaps, one of the most popular men among the members in that body. He is no apologist for tyranny; no flatterer of power; nor does he profane the talent that he has to pamper those who govern.

There is about him a frank and manly integrity of purpose, unstained by any selfish motive, always seeking for truth, right and justice as its object; always looking to the public good, that causes him to rank high with his party, and even amidst the violence of contention which has alienated friends and relatives, his courtesy and politeness, his moral and intellectual frankness, and his purity of intention, have gained him, in a great degree, the respect and confidence of the opposition.

Mr. Wooten is a gentleman in the true meaning of that word. He possesses a high sense of honor; is ever regardful of the feelings of others, yet zealous in his advocacy or defense of what he deems right. His voice is clear, his articulation distinct, his language pure, and his gestures graceful; his argumentative powers are good, and his sagacity readily discovers the pivot on which the cause he advocates will turn, while his ingenuity points out to him every advantage he could take.

In his public career, Mr. W. is assiduous in his duties and regular at his post. He is straight forward in his character, for there is nothing about him that is doubtful, that has a twilight existence; but all his traits are strong in their native light as summer's day.

It is highly probable that the friends of the subject of this sketch will see him traveling in a larger orbit, for a strong determination is springing up in his district to run him for Congress, and if a candidate, his election is beyond a doubt. He is a popular man, without the least trait of a demagogue in his composition. His is "that popularity which follows, and not that which is run after."

The laws of nature are unfailing and undeviating, and industry and perseverance, energy and talent can, in any situation, accomplish their proper ends. These traits of character have aided to build up the subject of this sketch; and if selected as a representative in Congress, this same energy and talent would be exercised to advance the interest and promote the prosperity of the people of Georgia.

The people of the 11th district have an able, faithful and efficient Senator in Mr. Wooten; one true to them, their wishes and necessities, and from various manifestations in his district he run him for Congress, it is pleasant to see that his services in the General Assembly, his genial disposition and the excellencies of the man are appreciated.

When the Legislature adjourns Mr. Wooten can look back upon his career in that body, and catch a beam of gladness from the review, and he will see no vote or act to degrade, but all to elevate him in his self-estimation.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, September 8, 1870.

Senate was called to order by President Conley.

Prayer by Wesley Prettyman.

Mr. Holcombe offered a resolution instructing the Secretary of the Senate to ask of the House the return of the bill amending the act incorporating the Brunswick and Albany Railroad and increasing State aid to the same, for the purpose of reconsideration.

President Conley ruled the resolution out of order.

The bill authorizing the Governor to issue gold bonds to protect the credit of the State was taken up and passed.

The House bill to classify the public roads of certain counties and regulate the width of the same read and passed.

Bill to organize district courts in Senatorial districts taken up.

Mr. Merrell moved to read it by sections, which motion prevailed.

First section read.

Mr. Smith (7th) moved to amend by inserting "except the 7th Senatorial district."

Mr. McArthur moved to amend by excepting the 16th Senatorial district from its operations.

Mr. Holcombe moved to amend by excepting the 30th Senatorial district.

Messrs. Holcombe, Hinton and Brock favored excepting districts where the courts were not needed.

Messrs. Dunning and Campbell opposed the bill.

Messrs. Candler, Wooten, Merrell and Bradley favored the passage of the bill without amendment.

Messrs. Higbee and Mathews thought the District Court should be established, and after that, the General Assembly might excepting districts as they saw fit.

Mr. Harris thought the law had to be general, or be no law at all.

Mr. Hinton offered an amendment providing that the provisions of said act do not apply to the first, second, fifth, seventh, fifteenth, sixteenth, thirty-eight, thirty-ninth, fortieth and forty-second districts.

Pending discussion the hour of one o'clock having arrived, the Senate proceeded to read bills for the first and second time.

Bills read first time:

Mr. Jones—To change the time of holding Sumter Superior Court.

Mr. Spear—To prescribe the time for holding election of civil officers. (Same time as election for members.)

Also, to appropriate money for improvement of Coosa river and appoint commissioners for the same.

Also, to incorporate the Planters' Warehouse Company of Macon.

Mr. Hinton—For relief of securities of tax collector of Muscogee county for 1867.

Mr. McArthur—To repeal act relative to giving in land in counties in which the land lies.

Bills were then read the second time.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, September 8.

House met at the usual hour, Speaker McWhorter in the chair.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Crumley.

The Journal of yesterday was read.

Mr. Bryant moved to reconsider so much of yesterday's proceedings as relate to the passage of a bill to grant to certain persons therein named the right to dig and mine in the beds of navigable streams for phosphate, rock, etc. Mr. Bryant advocated the proposition to reconsider and opposed the measures of the bill at some length, principally on account of the magnitude and exclusiveness of the privileges granted.

Mr. Bethune spoke in favor of reconsideration, and said that, aside from the privileges, which are too vast and exclusive, the rights of the people are interfered with by granting this measure, which proposes to give away their rights to other people.

Mr. Harper of Terrell, advocated the bill and opposed the motion to reconsider. He said that it is the duty of the people and their legislators to develop the resources of this State, and the only way to develop these phosphate deposits is to grant the right to mine for them to certain persons and to protect those persons in this right; for unless they be protected, no one will be found who will undertake the hardships and risks of making the experiment. If as soon as their discoveries are made some other persons can get a charter, come in, and reap the benefit of their labors; that the only objection some of the opponents of the bill have is that somebody will make money, but that he desires that the parties named in the bill should make money, for they are men who live in the State, and their money will benefit our people.

Mr. Price thought that the bill had been sufficiently discussed, and has been twice reported on, with amendments proposed, but that those amendments have been disregarded and the bill forced through.

The committee recommend that the right to dig between the Savannah and Ogeechee rivers, which is territory enough for these parties, be granted, and yet they clamor for the whole State. That a bill similar to this has worked great wrong to the mass of the people there. He hoped that the motion to reconsider would prevail.

Mr. Hall, of Glynn, opposed the motion to reconsider. He said that the parties named in the bill are pioneers in this enterprise, and they risk a great deal, and should be protected if they succeed; that the fact of allowing them to mine in beds of navigable streams below low water mark does not interfere with the rights of private individuals.

Mr. McWhorter remarked that this company was organized to find out whether there are any deposits in the rivers of this State; that the deposits obtained from the rivers is not guano until mixed with real guano, and is not worth more than twenty dollars per ton.

Mr. Lane, of Brooks, spoke in favor of the bill and urged the necessity of encouraging this enterprise so as to keep within our limits the immense sum annually expended for fertilizers abroad.

Mr. Lane called the previous question on the motion to reconsider, which call was sustained.

Mr. Bryant called for the yeas and nays with the following result: Yeas 56, nays 43.

Mr. Barnum moved to reconsider the action of the House on yesterday in recommitting to a committee a bill to protect the agricultural interest of Stewart county.

He remarked that he held in his hand a bill to be entitled an act to protect the agricultural interests of Stewart county. This bill had been before the Committee on Agriculture, and they have amended the bill so as to require its ratification by the people of the county before it becomes a law; also, exempting the surrounding counties from the operations of the bill, thereby relieving it of all its objectionable features; that he was urged by a large number of the people of his county to get this bill through; and he would, therefore, respectfully request that the House reconsider their action on yesterday, adopt the report of the committee and pass the bill, as it only affects the interests of the people of Stewart county, and only then upon its ratification.

Mr. Price favored the motion to reconsider, and said that scarcity of fences and timber per will compel the experiment proposed to be made, to-wit: keeping up stock, etc.

Turner (colored) opposed the motion and argued that the bill works a hardship on the poorer classes.

Mr. Tumlin remarked that he represents an adjoining county and hoped that the House would rescind its action on this bill.

Mr. Tumlin called the previous question, which call was sustained, and the motion to reconsider prevailed.

Mr. Lee, chairman of a special committee, reported a bill to cede certain lands as national cemeteries to the United States.

The special order of the day—the Senate Savannah bill—was taken up.

Mr. Shumate made the point of order that a House bill exactly like the Senate bill having been indefinitely postponed, that it is, under the constitution, incompetent for the House to entertain the same subject matter again after a final disposition of it, unless by a vote of two-thirds of the House.

Mr. Porter said that the Speaker had ruled, when this question was up before, that the Senate bill could be entertained.

Mr. Harper, of Terrell, temporarily in the chair, ruled that Mr. Shumate's point of order was well taken, from which ruling Mr. Bryant appealed.

Mr. Shumate supported the Speaker's ruling and argued forcibly that the bills were exactly similar, and one having been disposed of, that the other could not be entertained, and that if this ruling is not sustained there would be no determination of the measure before the Legislature.

Mr. Darnell asked if this programme had been pre-arranged.

The Speaker said that no programme had been arranged to his knowledge.

Mr. Shumate called the previous question on the appeal.

The call was sustained.

The yeas and nays were demanded.

Porter, of Chatham, moved to adjourn, which motion the temporary Speaker refused to entertain, whereupon about two-thirds of the Republican members summarily left the House.

The roll was called, and it was found there was not a quorum present.

A motion to adjourn until 3 o'clock prevailed.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, September 8.—Under instructions from this Government, Washburne, yesterday, recognized the new government in France and tendered the President's congratulations on the establishment of a Republic.

Grant has arrived here and departs again to-morrow.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, September 8.—Five thousand American Protestants are in procession. A strong police force accompanies the line. No disturbance so far.

NEW YORK.

SARATOGA, N. Y., September 8.—The Republican Convention has nominated Stewart L. Woodford for Governor.

NEW JERSEY.

TOWNS RIVER, September 8.—An excursion party from Long Branch, in passing over a village bridge, the bridge gave way. One hundred persons were precipitated into twenty feet water: Mrs. Sidney Throckmorton, Peter Howland, Mary E. Styles, Maria Martin, Helen Lane, Ella Maple, James Martin, Alfretta Martin, eight persons, were drowned.

WYOMING.

CHEYENNE, September 8.—The Republicans have elected a delegate to Congress by a small majority. The women voted, generally, throughout the territory. One hundred and seventy-one female votes were cast in Cheyenne. Mrs. Howe, wife of the United States Marshal, led the female line of voters.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

FRANCE.

PARIS, September 8.—Favre was much moved when Washburne announced American recognition. Grasping Washburne's hand, he exclaimed, "I receive the notification with gratitude and profound emotion."

It is reported that Louis Blanc goes to London Ledrue.

Robert Mitchell and Paul Cossagnac were captured at Sedan.

The French Consul at Basle telegraphs that a sortie from Strasbourg killed 10,000 Prussians and captured many guns. The Prussians in attempting to cross the border near Port Austerlitz were absolutely annihilated by the Mitrailleuses posted at Port de Peebeurs.

Every armory is engaged in repairing arms. Those on hand are generally worthless.

Not a single French flag was captured at Sedan. All were burned before the capitulation.

Jules Favre has received the adhesion of the entire Paris press.

The Prussians occupied St. Dizier.

Twenty thousand Prussians appeared before Laon.

Communication with Mulhouse and Mezieres has been restored.

It is reported that Strasbourg made a successful sortie yesterday, killing many Prussians.

It is said that the Prussians have been decimated since the commencement of the siege.

The Journal Officiel says, notwithstanding its preliminary failure, mediation may succeed.

The proclamation of the Republic creates joyous agitation in Italy.

No Prussians yet in the department of the Seine.

The Prussians under General Waring occupied Rheims.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, September 8.—Part of Lorraine, and all of Alsace will probably be demanded. The western frontier will commence at Eschon, border Luxemburg, flanking the Moselle about ten miles from its western bank, and crossing the Moselle at Quruey, half way between Metz and Pont a Mousson, then, following the course of the Moselle and Meurthe ten miles from the eastern bank of the Meurthe to Mount Dapon on the southwestern frontier. It will embrace the upper and lower Rhine, the Departments of Haute and Bas Rhine. It comprehends Alsace, Searburg, Saargemund, Metz, Thionville, Chateau Salins, Phalsburg, Ritche, Wehsemburg.

Bazaine is still negotiating for the surrender of Metz.

The French prisoners are enthusiastic over the disposition of the Emperor.

King William entered Rheims Monday.

It is thought that, admitting mediation, intervention is abandoned, at least for the present.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, September 8.—The Independence Belge, discoursing upon the arrival of the Prince Imperial at Mons, says:

It was attended by three persons in plain clothes. No carriage was in waiting. The party took an omnibus for the hotel, where a great crowd had assembled. The Prince showing alarm, the landlord reassured him by saying:

"Have no fear, Monsiegneur; you are in a neutral and peaceful country, where harm cannot befall you."

Falkao is at Namur.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 8.—It is rumored that France made peace proposals to the King of Prussia.

The leading bankers here regard the political outbreak as unfavorable.

There is no change in the bank rate, but money is rather active.

There was an immense French sympathy meeting held last night at New Castle, on the Tyna.

SPAIN.

MADRID, September 8.—In view of the recent important events the Constituent Cortes is called for September 25.

RECOGNIZING THE NEW FRENCH REPUBLIC.—NEW YORK, September 6.—The Commercial Advertiser says President Grant has instructed Secretary Fish to issue a proclamation recognizing the new French Republic.

MOVEMENTS OF THE DEPOSED EMPEROR.—COLOGNE, September 6.—At two o'clock this evening the French Emperor passed here without stopping. The various railway stations were thronged with people curious to catch a glimpse of the Emperor

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF POND, BEACH & CO. is dissolved. E. B. Pond will continue the business, and is alone authorized TO SETTLE ALL CLAIMS. E. B. POND.

Atlanta, Ga., September 8, 1870—d3t

NATIONAL HOTEL,

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.,

Ten rods on right of Passenger Depot.

Fare.....$2 per day.

A. L. MILLER, PROPRIETOR.

aug28-dtf

"BAD BLOOD."

"The Life is the Blood."

FROM it we derive our strength, beauty, and mental capabilities. It is the centre of our being, through which revolves all that constitutes happy. When this source is corrupted the painful effects are visible in many shapes, prominent among which is

SCROFULA.

This is a taint or infection of the human organism, and probably no one is wholly free from it. It exhibits itself in various shapes—as Ulcers and Sores, Decayed Bones, Diseased Scalp, sore Eyes, Weak and Diseased Joints, St. Vitus' Dance, Foul Discharges from the Nostrils, Eruptions, Glandular Swellings, Throat Affections, Rheumatism, Heart Affections, Nervous Disorders, Barrenness, Disorders of the Womb, Dropsy, Syphilitic Affections, Liver Complaint, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Scorrugia, Loss of Manhood and General Debility.

It has been the custom to treat these diseases with *Mercury* and other Mineral substances, which, though sometimes producing a cure, often prove injurious and entail misery in after life. The long known injurious properties of these so called Alteratives and Liquid Blues has led the philanthropical man of science to explore the arcana of nature, the result of which has been the discovery of a vegetable product which possess the power of eradicating these Taints from the Blood.

DR. TUTT'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT

Is the acknowledged antidote to all Blood Diseases By its use the afflictions above enumerated can be permanently banished, and the Source—the Centre of Life—the Blood, be maintained in all its purity and vigor.

For Diseases produced by the use of Mercury, and for Syphilis, with its train of evils, this compound is the only cure antidote.

To the poor creature, enfeebled in mind and body, by secret practices, whose nerves are shrung, and countenance downcast

The Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT

is a blessing. Try it fairly, and your nerves will be restored to their wonted vigor, and your rejected countenance be made radiant with the consciousness of

Restored Manhood.

Being free from violent minerals, it is adapted to general use. The old and young may use it; the most delicate female at any time may take it; the tender infant, who may have inherited disease, will be cured by it.

For Purifying the Blood USE DR. TUTT'S *Extract of Sarsaparilla* AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT.

When used in the Spring it removes all impurity which fester in the system, and the languor and debility peculiar to that season of the year. Heals promptly on the

Liver and Kidneys,

Producing a healthy action of the important organs by which all the impurities of the system are carried off, and the result is

A Clear Skin, a Good Appetite, and Buoyant Spirits.

PREPARED BY

WM. H. TUTT & LAND,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

And Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

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THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DISPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Sourness of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Loathness of Spirits, Colic,

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendation. The trial will not fail to give them a fair trial. Sold in all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., Dec. 8, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga. Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I know of no combinations or preparations equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever name, and consider it worthy recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

I am, very respectfully,

T. R. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

WEST POINT, GA., OCT. 15, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER: Gentlemen—I can honestly and confidently recommend DR. ABBETT'S LIVER OR DYSPEPTIC MEDICINE as prepared by you, to the favorable notice of the suffering public. Having used this Medicine myself in my family for twenty years, I can highly recommend it for removing pain or fastiness from the stomach, caused by indigestion. It also has a happy effect in removing constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. With my best wishes to you in introducing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain, Yours, truly, A. K. KENDRICK.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, General Agents,
Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.
CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs,
nov24-1y West Point, Ga.

LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS.

THE

Purest Medicated Cordial

OF

THE AGE.

Lippman's Great German Bitters strengthens the debilitated.

Lippman's Great German Bitters strengthens the consumptive.

Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Kidney Complaints.

Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Female Complaints.

Lippman's Great German Bitters, an old German Tonic.

Lippman's Great German Bitters, the most delightful and effective in the world.

Lippman's Great German Bitters cures "never well" people.

Lippman's Great German Bitters gives an appetite.

Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Liver Complaint.

Lippman's Great German Bitters gives tone to digestive organs.

Lippman's Great German Bitters strikes at the root of disease.

Lippman's Great German Bitters gives energy.

Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Nervousness.

Lippman's Great German Bitters purifies the Blood.

Lippman's Great German Bitters, the best Spring Medicine.

Lippman's Great German Bitters regulates the bowels.

Lippman's Great German Bitters excites the Torpid Liver.

Lippman's Great German Bitters, best Physicians recommend.

Lippman's Great German Bitters will give Youthful Vigor.

Lippman's Great German Bitters cures Debility.

Lippman's Great German Bitters, $1,000 for a better remedy.

Lippman's Great German Bitters, the favorite of Germany.

Lippman's Great German Bitters prevents Chills and Fever.

Lippman's Great German Bitters has met with success everywhere.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., May 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LITTMAN & BRO.—Gentlemen: I certify that I have examined and used in my practice "Lippman's Great German Bitters," I regard them as an admirable tonic and appetizer.

J. W. POINDEXTER, M. D.

E. F. Wyly, Pemberton, Taylor & Co. and A. J. West & Co.

ATLANTA, GA.,

Wholesale Agents for Lippman's Great German Bitters.

—o:o—

Lippman's Pyrafuge,

The Great Chill and Fever Expeller.

ONE DOSE STOPS THE CHILLS.

NEAR GRANAWILLE, S. C., Nov. 20, 1869.

MR. LIPPMAN—DEAR SIR:

Please send me half dozen bottles of your invaluable and infallible Pyrafuge. The bearer himself was cured of a two years old chill and fever, and his whole family. It has never failed in a single case. Yours respectfully,

WM. F. ROBERT.

Read the Following!

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
GRIFFIN, GA., February 8, 1868.

This is to certify that I have used Prof. H. H Kayton's "Oil of Life" in my family, in a case of aggravated Neuralgia in the Face, and after three applications it gave permanent relief.

WM. M. CLINE, Mayor.

may11-d&w1y

Wide Awake! Wide Awake!

TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

WE are now prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions, to order. If you want Patent Leather, Calf-skins, Box-toed, Water proof, Light stitch or Pumps of the finest French Calf-skin, you can furnish them to you in short notice and warrant the fit. The soles are made of the finest English Oak Leather, and Factory Gaiters of all descriptions made for gentlemen in the most approved style. Call and see us at our Shop, on Pryor street, in front of the Theatre, if you want the finest and best fitting Gaiters in the city.

WANTED—Five first-class Boot Makers. None others need apply. C. HUGHES & SON.

apr5— junl5-dly

W. G. NEWMAN. JOHN N. FAIN.

NEWMAN & FAIN,

Contractors and Builders,

(Office up-stairs over R. H. Goodman's Store.)

NO 68 PEACHTREE STREET.

julyl6-3m ATLANTA, GA.

CATALOGUES GOTTON UP IN THE MOST approved style at THE CONSTITUTION office.

JOB PRINTING STRICTLY EXECUTED AT THE CONSTITUTION office.

PAY YOUR TAXES!

A FREE GIFT to the people! I am instructed by the Tax Receivers against Gamblers—this I shall certainly do. Pay promptly, and save yourself costs, time and trouble.

PEARCE T. RYAN,
sept6-10tlsept9 Receiver and Collector.

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

BUCK LEAD Excels all other LEAD!

1st. For its Unrivaled Whiteness.
2d. For its Unequaled Durability.
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.
Lastly, for its Economy.

IT COSTS LESS to paint with Buck LEAD than any other White Lead extant. The can's weight covers more surface, is more durable, and makes WHITER WORK.

BUCK LEAD, is the Cheapest and Best.

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

BUCK ZINC Excels all other ZINCS.

1st. For its Unequaled Durability.
2d. For its Unrivaled Whiteness.
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.
Lastly, for its Great Economy.

Being the Cheapest, Handsomest, and most Durable White Paint in the world.

BUY ONLY BUCK LEAD AND BUCK ZINC.

Try it and be Convinced.

Satisfaction Guaranteed by the Manufacturers.

Buck Cottage Colors,

Prepared expressly for Painting COTTAGES, OUT BUILDINGS of every description, FENCES, etc. THIRTY-FIVE DIFFERENT COLORS. Durable, Cheap, Uniform, and Beautiful shades.

Sample cards sent by mail if desired.

Dealers' Orders will be promptly executed by the manufacturers.

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,

N. W. Cor. Tenth and Market Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

For sale by

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTHERN DYE HOUSE.

A. E. SHULHAFER'S NEW YORK MILLINERY STORE, No. 67 Whitehall Street, Empire Block,

IS AGENT FOR THIS CITY,

Where orders may be left for any description of Work in their line.

General Office Cor. Washington and Broad Sts., and Dye Works 79 and 81 Ellis Street, Augusta, Ga.

We respectfully beg to infor the public that we are now ready to do DYEING and CLEANING of all kinds of SILKS, VELVETS and RIBBONS, WOOLEN GOODS, ALPACAS, WORSTED GOODS and GENTS' CLOTHING, KID GLOVES, CURTAINS, LACES, CRAPE SHAWLS, etc., in all colors. Also, Gents' Clothing Repaired and Altered.

First-class work or no pay.

BLASCOW & BEROUD,
julyl-dly French Dyers.

UNIVERSAL LIFE INS. CO.

—NEW YORK—

The Original Joint-Stock Life Ins. Co. of the United States.

The business of this Company is EXCLUSIVELY confined to the Insurance of first class healthy lives.

THE DISTINCTIVE FEATURE

of the *Stock* system of Life Insurance, as opposed to the *Mutual*, is a low rate of premium for a stated sum insured, which is IMMEDIATE, SECURED AND CERTAIN; then of a high rate of premium with a promised dividend, which is DISTANT, CONTINGENT and UNCERTAIN; this so-called dividend being merely a return of a portion of the excessive and unnecessary premium charged in the first instance.

ILLUSTRATION.

Suppose that an individual aged thirty desires to devote $600 a year for the purpose of effecting an insurance on his life; this amount will immediately secure him in the UNIVERSAL, the sum of $11,754, payable on his decease. This sum, paid to a company charging the ordinary mutual rates, would secure him the sum of $4,615, therefore *immediately secured*, in favor of the UNIVERSAL, $7,271.

To illustrate the important one to the policy-holder of low premiums in more general terms, it may be stated that by a reduction of *twenty-five* per cent. in the rate of premium, the same amount of money will secure a policy *thirty-three and one-third* per cent. greater, and likewise that a reduction of twenty-five per cent. in the rate of premium is precisely equivalent to an *immediate cash dividend of thirty three and one-third per cent payable in advance*, or to a dividend of *forty two per cent.* payable at the end of five years.

By the *Stock* plan the *full cash sum* of the premium is immediately secured to the insured, the Company taking all the risk. By the mutual plan the full value in insurance of the prem

The Daily Constitution.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

I. W. AVERY, Editor.

Morning Edition.

Atlanta, Ga., September 9, 1870.

☞ The Gold Bond bill passed the Senate yesterday as it came from the House.

Correction.

In our notice of Colonel Clarke's speech we have his name incorrectly. It is Colonel John M. Clarke, instead of James M. Clarke.

Ineligibility.

In our article on eligibility yesterday we argued against picking ineligible men for Congress. This by no means carries the idea of picking eligible men who are unworthy. We had better be unrepresented than misrepresented.

The Columbus Sun, a few days ago, had an excellent editorial urging that men who have used unworthy means to get their disabilities removed, and who aspire to political honors, should be closely scrutinized as to their records.

Some good men have had their disabilities removed without their own solicitation. We know of some who have been relieved, whose first knowledge of an effort to get them disenthralled came with the announcement of their relief. But men who have juggled and humbled themselves to get relief have no claims upon us for high office.

This matter should be closely looked into. The great necessity of selecting good men who can go in is so patent that it needs no demonstration. The risk of electing men whose non-admission is a certainty, and thus running the chance of the admission of their opponents and the strengthening of the Radical faction in Congress, is one not to be assumed; if possibly it can be avoided.

Young Generals.

It would be an interesting matter to ascertain how far the youth of the Prussian leaders has contributed to their success in this war. However skillful and able old Generals are, it is an undoubted fact that they are physically unable to stand great physical fatigue, and hence their skill lacks physical bottom. The strain upon their system must incapacitate them from long fighting and protracted labor in the saddle.

Now let us apply the theory:

The two great guiding spirits of the Prussian movements have been the Crown Prince, under forty, and Frederick Charles, nearly forty-five—both in the very bloom of physical vigor. The remarkable decision and fiery energy that have marked the Prussian strategy are due to them.

On the other hand, it cannot be denied that the French have not been well led. Indecision and want of aggressive energy and resolute concert seem to have marked their military movements. McMahon, a general of great ability and splendid courage, is near sixty-five, and so physically weak, that, after several hours' hard riding, he fainted in a ditch. Bazaine is over seventy. Napoleon is over sixty, and his camp baggage was a travelling hospital apparatus.

What can such men do with all their genius when broken down by physical weariness that does not phaze younger men?

This is no disparagement of old men, but simply stating the law of nature in regard to the physical infirmities of age. It is a matter full of suggestion. We again say it would be an interesting speculation to know just how far the physical vigor of youth in the leaders in this contest has affected the result of the fight.

Usury.

Our neighbor, the Intelligencer, regrets our position in usury, reiterates briefly its own views and hopes the usury law will not be repealed. It also declines to enter into any lengthy discussion of the subject.

We trust the trial will be made. If it works badly the law can be put back as it is. But it has worked well wherever tried. Our contemporary is incorrect in saying that Massachusetts alone has repealed the usury laws. We have not the list of States at hand that have done the same thing, but a large number have, and it has been found to work well in every case.

It is folly to stick to prejudices and oppose proper progress simply because it is new. The opponents of this repeal simply indulge in stereotyped assertion. At no time since the surrender could money be borrowed at the legal rate of interest. It can't now. A man who desires to get funds on loan must pay from one and a half to two per cent. a month. If usury laws restricting interest to rates that nobody will take for money are ineffectual in making money plentiful, and putting down interest, or even making money abundant at the high rates, why let us experiment and try something else.

There are no moral laws involved. It is a simple issue of expediency, and what will benefit the people. To say that the repeal will work badly is simply to prejudge the question. Let us try and see if it will or will not. Let the legal rate stand where no contract is made between parties, or in legal matters, but let parties have the freedom to contract as they please. Open the door wide. Let the world's money be free to come on and contend, without risk, for the two per cent. a month obtainable for all the cash anybody has to loan in Georgia, and it does seem to us that the result will be more money to loan and a lower interest from the competition.

Let us have a trial of it, and a fair, full trial. We can't be worsted. With money at from four to six per cent. per annum in New York, and at from eighteen to twenty-four in Georgia, it is well worth our while to change the margin if we can do it by legislation.

Prolongation.

Let not our people suppose that prolongation is dead. We know that the plan of carrying it out is still entertained. And the means to be resorted to is the absence of its opponents from the Legislature when the question is sprung.

We call on the Democratic members to stay at their posts. They are the people's servants, paid to attend the sessions of the Legislature, and give their undivided time to their duties. They have no right to be absent from their places attending to other business. Important interests are at stake. Great questions are to be watched vigilantly and uninterruptedly. An unscrupulous faction seeks to carry out measures destructive to the rights, the liberties, and the prosperity of the people of the State. It is a duty of Democratic members to be at hand to fight these bad measures.

This is no matter of play. It involves the welfare of the commonwealth. Public servants who thus trifle with these grave questions will be visited with the heaviest penalties of censure.

We have it from a high Radical source that PROLONGATION IS EXPECTED TO BE CARRIED THROUGH BY DEFAULTING DODGERS AND ABSENT DEMOCRATS. *This can be relied upon.*

We call on our Democratic members who are absent to return to their posts, and that no more leave. Any Democrat who is absent when this measure is sprung will incur the suspicion of being bought to stay away. We hope our State exchanges will press this matter home. Georgians cannot forgive men who from any motive fail in their duty now. Public interests are inconsiderably more important than any private matters.

Nothing but dangerous sickness can justify absence. Democrats, to your places. We do not over-estimate the danger. We are no alarmist. We tell you the doom of indifference to the public danger and disregard of public duty will be a scathing one.

The Era and its Armor-bearer, Justice.

The Era adopts the reply of its correspondent, Justice, and would have us believe that this poor effort at partisan advocacy was really of some account. It is of all the puny samples of defense, the weakest thing we have seen. Justice ought to have been present at the recent Democratic convention and taken a lesson on the sublime art of keeping one's mouth shut. Anyhow, that writer should be prudent enough to stop when he is done. We have the following admissions in this pregnant little committal of the Era's supporter: First, in 1866, the Legislature granted for repairs on the Western and Atlantic Railroad $1,500,000, and that these repairs "are worn out" in four short years. Secondly, the earnings of the road *for nine months* are admitted to be $1,136,312. We, for guessers, with Blodgett's bandana tied over our eyes, did pretty well when we supposed the yearly earnings of the road to be $1,300,000 for the full business. Thirdly, it is claimed that there was paid to prior account $55,765 86. We demur, and say that Hulbert contends that he did not leave behind him unpaid more than about $6,000. Next we have an item of luscious *plumptitude*, amounting to $238,422 51, and it is called "*extra expenses.*" This, we suppose, covers Wormsley's bill and Forney's. Why not?

This "extra expenses," like the blanket of charity, may be made to cover a catalogue of rascalities as huge as the crimes of Radical rule. Ah, here comes that little green spot in this Zahara of imbecility and malfeasance. How the very types seem to run with joy as they enable the Era and Blodgett, and justice, and the whole "ring" to say, "*paid State Treasurer* $45,000." Wasn't that good—wasn't it soul-enlivening—the gentle golden ripple of that little rivulet, pitching its tiny volume into "the State Treasurer." We have never forgotten it, O, Era, and although ages have elapsed since the refreshing sound saluted throbbing ear, we remember it as the angel's visit. Oh, come again, health-restoring visitor; least we imagine 'twas only the voice of an angel that whispered it in our dreams. Would to Blodgett that *September* lasted, on the State Road, from year to year. But we tear ourselves away from this elysian spot, and plod on our weary way.

Last, but not least, we have the keystone to this lovely arch, and it is $797,123 95 for *running expenses. Seventy per cent.* on gross earnings, it is claimed, is the fair thing for this road. Is it? Do the other roads converging here pay that?

What say you to 59 per cent. for the West Point Road? Why should the average of expense be *now* for the State Road 70 per cent. when it used to be about 46, if we remember right. But here is our short method of dealing with Mr. Blodgett—his escort we care nothing about—you say the road under your rule has in *nine months* taken in (to give it in round numbers,) $1,136,000. In all this vast business you show a payment (which we challenge) of $55,000 for Hulbert and one of $45,000 into the Treasury. Here we have just $100,000 of all this immense increase that was not absolutely devoured by this great Leviathan, and which amount we are asked to content ourselves with. Excuse us, if you please, Mr. Blodgett. For a small man, standing in high heel boots, just five feet five, your shadow is too big. How do we know how many supernumaries you fed and pampered under that item of running expenses? We hear that you intend to dismiss forty men to-morrow from the "round house" and thirty from the car shop. This, we hear, is to be done in the face of the incoming fall and winter business. Why have you kept these surplus 70 hands during the slack season only to dismiss them now when you are about to need them?

The point we make is this, that with an appropriation of one and a half millions in the last four years, with an entire absorption of $1,136,000 income for the last nine months, the road is as poor as a beggar and is almost ready to suspend for want of funds to meet its current expenses. Out of all this sea of treasure it is only claimed that we got $100,000 and the "ring" gets the rest. We write for, and to, plain and honest people. We are ourselves not ambitious of the honors of a professor of legerdemain, and neither understand, nor want to know, how to make figures help out such shameful management of other people's money by the Superintendent of the W. & A. R. R. stands convicted before the people of Georgia as having illustrated. We know that here is a property worth $10,000,000 to-day, that, in the incompetent and reckless hands that control it, is not worth ten cents. We had better give the road away than own it with Blodgett as its manager. It is a sad, sickening infliction that we must stand still and witness all this wreck and ruin with no hand to arrest the wrong, while the people will have neither indemnity for the past and no security for the future.

Our Water Works.

The agents of a system of water works known as "Holly's Improved Water Works" have been in Atlanta to learn, for several days, bringing their enterprise before our people. They were invented by Birdsall Holly, of Lockport, New York. They have been introduced and given satisfaction in Omaha, Nebraska, with 20,000 people; in Peoria, Illinois; Binghamton, New York; Covington, Kentucky; Dayton, Ohio. In various other places, including New Orleans, it is proposed to introduce them.

We are not fully informed as to the exact nature of these works, but the following letter will throw light on their efficacy:

UNION BOARD OF TRADE
OF MINNEAPOLIS & ST. ANTHONY, MINN.
MINNEAPOLIS, April 12, 1870.

Hon. Ezra Millard, Mayor, Omaha, Neb.:

SIR—The Mayor of this city, Hon. Dorilius Morrison, has requested me to write you, answering your favor of the 8th inst., in relation to the city water works.

Our water supply consists in forcing the water of the Mississippi river into the city through subterranean pipes by what is known as the Holly system of pumps. There are two water wheels, Holly's Patent Rotary Pumps, which discharge each 1250 gallons of water per minute into iron mains, diameter from 12 to 4 inches, which traverse the principal streets in the business section of the city, with connection hydrants at the corners of the streets, and taps for private use. These pumps are very powerful, and half a mile from them a pressure of 175 pounds to the square inch can be imparted.

A pressure of fifteen pounds to the square inch suffices to keep the pipes full. At a late fire department display the water-works threw a stream 277 feet at an angle of forty-five degrees through one and a quarter inch nozzle, the large St. Paul steamer throwing only 234 feet. At any point along the line of mains we can concentrate six heavy streams of water and reach an elevation of 150 feet. Playing through 3,000 feet of hose we can sweep any point distant eight blocks from the line of mains, and throw 150 feet perpendicularly.

We have no steam or hand engines but only hose and hook and ladder companies, and the great superiority of our water system attracts great attention.

The consequence of such an efficient system has greatly reduced higher rates of insurance. We give "fire" no chance in this city. Our department consists of two hose companies and a hook and ladder company.

I remain, sir, your obedient servant,
(Signed) E. P. SWEET,
Secretary.

It would do well for our city authorities to look closely into their value.

Georgia News.

Americus is to have a new brick hotel.

Americus will be supplied at an early day with good schools.

Corn is selling at one dollar per bushel in Early county.

Sling-shots are becoming a nuisance in Savannah.

Colonel Peterson Tidwell is spoken of as Representative from Baldwin county.

The Ordinary and Clerk of Hancock county have resigned at the request of Governor Bullock.

The Sandersville Georgian recommends Colonel H. D. Capers as a candidate for Congress from the First District.

Colonel Enoch Steadman is suggested as the people's choice for Senator from the 27th District.

Large quantities of fine lumber are being shipped from Calhoun to Atlanta and Nashville.

The rice crop on the Ogeechee and Satilla rivers is one of the best and largest in yield that has been made for several years.

The Democratic Club of Newton county has been reorganized by electing W. S. Montgomery to the presidency and J. B. Davis as secretary.

A 15th amendment has already been nominated for the Legislature in Brooks county. He is very cautious and harmonious.

Augusta was afflicted, Monday morning, with an overdose of sturgeon steak, some 25 or 30 of the creatures having been netted in the Savannah River on Sunday.

A committee will be appointed shortly to invite M. M. Pomeroy, of the "Democracy," to meet Attorney General Akerman on the stump in Georgia.

The grand jury of Baldwin county recommend the repeal of the special local law of December 20, 1866, increasing the fees of the county officers of Baldwin county.

The Macon police have arrested a man with a large amount of counterfeit greenbacks in his possession and material for manufacturing the "queer" whenever he found it necessary.

The Democratic party of Monroe county meet en masse in Forsyth on Saturday, the 15th of October next, to nominate candidates for the Representative branch of the next General Assembly.

A little son of Mrs. General Armstrong, of Macon, was run over by a dray about dark Wednesday evening, in front of the City Hall, and quite dangerously if not fatally injured. The mules in the dray were running away at the time.

The schedule on the Southwestern Railroad has been slightly changed recently, and went into effect on Sunday last. The day passenger trains now meet and pass at Americus instead of Stewart's, and the running time of the night trains has been considerably accelerated.

The City Council of Columbus has adopted a resolution authorizing the Mayor to appoint a committee of three, whose duty it shall be to bring before the next Congress the question of an appropriation for the improvement of the navigation of the Chattahoochee River.

The editor of the Early County News has been presented with a peck of meal made from corn planted on the 28th of May. From the time of planting to the time of grinding it into meal was just 88 days. The corn is of the ordinary variety, raised on land that has been cleared and planted for eight years, and without any manure being used.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

THURSDAY, September 8, 1870.

The House met at the appointed hour. Speaker McWhorter in the chair.

Turner moved to adjourn until 10 A. M. to-morrow, on which motion the yeas and nays were demanded with the following result: yeas 34, nays 57.

Speaker McWhorter stated that he was called off this morning, and that he called for the Speaker pro. tem., and learned that he was sick; that he asked Mr. Price to preside, and learned from him that he wanted to participate in the debate; that he then called upon Mr. Harper, of Terrell, who came to the chair, and that he made this statement because he thought it due to himself and Mr. Harper.

Mr. Tweedy moved to lay the whole subject in relation to the Savannah bill on the table.

Just before the call of the yeas and nays, which had been called, a motion of adjournment was made.

Pending the call for the yeas and nays on the motion to adjourn:

Mr. Harper, of Terrell, rose for information as to the status of the question, and in an eloquent and animated speech he detailed the circumstances connected with business before the House this morning, and showed that there was a quorum until the bolt to defeat it, and that he wanted the country and this House to understand his position in the premises.

Mr. Bryant refuted all the charges made against him, etc.

The call for the yeas and nays was resumed, and the motion to adjourn was lost.

The Speaker decided to go back to where the House left off this morning; so the yeas and nays were called, with the following result: yeas 69, nays 29.

So Mr. Harper's ruling was sustained.

A motion to adjourn until 10 A. M. to-morrow prevailed.

☞ THE KING AND THE EMPEROR MEET—NAPOLEON DOWNCAST BUT DIGNIFIED—DISPATCH FROM KING WILLIAM.—BERLIN, September 5.—The Queen has received the following dispatch from the King:

VARENNES, September 4.—What a thrilling moment that of meeting with Napoleon. He was cast down, but dignified in his bearing, and resigned. I gave him Wilhelmshoehe, near Cassel, as the place where he will reside. Our meeting took place in a small fort upon the western glacis. From there we rode through the ranks of our army around Sedan. The reception of the troops, as they cannot imagine, was indescribable. May God aid us further.

WILLIAM.

☞ Another of Boutwell's monthly periods has arrived. His statement of the public debt for September shows a reduction since the first of August of $134,567,877,632,411,673 45 and six and a quarter cents. It's going down fast.

☞ The new government has revoked the functions of the following Ambassadors to foreign courts: Marquis Lavallette, at London; Count Mastenghal, at Vienna, and General Fleury, at St. Petersburg.

The Campaign in Michigan—Democratic State Convention—Stirring Resolutions—State Ticket.

DETROIT, MICH., August 31.—The Democratic State Convention was held to-day. Nearly every county in the State was represented. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

1. First—That we recognize the right of the people to decide all questions relating to the distribution and exercises of their political power, and we refer to their decision, when constitutionally and legally expressed, a cheerful obedience.

Second—That we denounce the dominant political party for its corrupt use of the power and money of the people; for its unnecessary multiplication of offices; for its unprecedented extravagance; for its prostitution of the public trust to subserve private ends; for the utter failure to administer the government in accordance with the spirit of our institutions.

Third—That the destruction of our commerce, prostitution of our agricultural and increasing stringency of financial affairs, bear common witness to the incompetency of our rulers.

Fourth—That the tariff for protection is a system for plunder whereby labor is compelled to pay a tribute to capital, and that tariff for revenue only is all that is warranted by justice or the Federal constitution.

Fifth—That the public demand is a great public trust which should be administered in the interest of the people; and public policy, as well as common interest, requires that the trust should be held for purposes of settlement and cultivation, and its disposal to the landless and homeless soldiers and sailors of the United States, and those made widows and orphans by the wars of the Union, should be preferred to speculators and monopolists.

Sixth—That to maintain the honor and good faith of the nation, it is necessary that the public debt should be steadily decreased in accordance with its terms.

Seventh—That the present system of so-called national banks is a monopoly whereby favored States and persons are unduly benefitted; but if the system is to be continued, we demand, on behalf of Michigan and the West, that it should be so modified as to make its privileges free to all.

Eighth—That specie or its equivalent is the only sound currency, but we should return to specie payment no sooner than it can be done consistently with the laws of trade and the interest of the great debtor class.

Ninth—That the best financial policy for the times is honesty and frugality; honesty in the appropriation of the public money for the proper purpose, and a rigid frugality in its expenditure.

Tenth—That interests on all deposits of State funds belong to the State, and should be put into the State Treasury to be used with other State moneys for the payment of appropriations and the reduction of the State debt.

Eleventh—The taxation of the citizens without their consent for private purposes is a violation of the fundamental principles of justice.

The following ticket was nominated:

For Governor—C. C. Comstock, of Kalamazoo.

For Lieutenant-Governor—A. T. Wencell, of Mackinaw.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, September 8.—Stephen C. Rowan appointed Vice Admiral—Vice Admiral Porter promoted.

The United States Steamer Palos has passed the Suez Canal.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 8.—Freights over the Grand Trunk Railroad lines west have advanced 25 per cent. to-day, and another advance is expected next week.

Steam propeller Red Jacket exploded, killing three, and sinking two coal boats she had in tow.

The Telegram's special from Paris says the city is unusually quiet, but wears an appearance of earnestness and determination.

Under constant rumors of the approach of the Prussians the determination to defend the city becomes more universal. All classes share this feeling, which is becoming hourly more fervid.

The number of troops under arms in Paris is 140,000, including Venoy's corps of the National Guard and volunteers.

Brest, Havre, and Cherbourg, are in a state of defense.

It is apprehended that Bazaine will have to capitulate from the want of provisions and ammunition.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, September 8.—Judge Bond, in the United States Circuit Court, after hearing argument in Lieutenant Colonel Bergen's habeas corpus case, makes no decision, but takes the papers with him to Baltimore and holds the matter under advisement. It was a revision of Judge Brooks' action at the instance of Governor Holden.

A. D. Jenkins was attached for contempt by Judge Mitchell in disregarding the injunction and paying off Holden's troops.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

FRANCE.

PARIS, September 8.—FAVRE has received the employees of the Foreign office. He said that he would make no present changes, as those accustomed to the duties were much needed. He demands the devoted assistance of all as a national need.

Foreign Ambassadors visited the new ministry yesterday.

The Viceroy explained the late march to the ministry, which was pressed on the return by the Prussian advance during the whole march.

The Committee on Defense meet permanently.

Nearly all the Deputies of the majority have left Paris.

Reports are received from all quarters of mediation, but there is no cessation of preparations for national defense.

Gaulois says part of the administration goes to Tours, and if necessary to Lyons and thence to Marseillaise.

It is reported the committee installed in Lyons think of resisting the Government, because too moderate.

The Journal Officiel says as the forests of Compeigne and Chountilly serve as a refuge for the enemy, they should be burned.

It is understood that, in case of mediation, Lord Lyons, Chevalier Negra, the Italian Minister, and Washburne will go to King William's headquarters.

A new corps, called the Guardians of the Peace, has been organized.

Washburne has written a letter announcing his authorization to recognize the Republic, offering congratulations of the American government and people, who bear with enthusiasm of the proclamation of a Republic unattended with bloodshed, and sympathy with the great movement which is big with results, and happy for France and mankind.

The letter, after recalling the traditional friendship of the two countries, congratulates France upon the choice of Jules Favre as foreign minister.

It is contemplated to appoint ambassadors to London, Vienna and Berlin from active members of the party of the Left.

No call will be made for universal suffrage until after the war.

The French ambassador at Constantinople has resigned.

Gambetta has issued a proclamation to the Prefects of the departments, bidding them to think only of war, and the postponement of every thought except for national defense.

A new loan is contemplated.

Paris is provisioned for two million persons for two months.

HAVRE, September 8.—Martial law has been declared here.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, September 8.—The Queen of Prussia sent chief de cuisine to the French Emperor at Melhelmskops.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, September 8.—Victor Emanuel announces his ability to maintain order everywhere, including the Papal States if necessary.

The reported proclamation of the French Republic in Italy is false. All quiet.

SPAIN.

MADRID, September 8.—All classes are satisfied with the French revolution. The Republicans telegraphed congratulations to the new government.

NOVA SCOTIA.

HALIFAX, September 8.—Reports of the loss of vessels and life by the gale on last Sunday.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 8.—A healthful reaction of the stock market is hopeless while the French Republicans blunder for war.

The Times and other Journals deprecate the policy which inflicts consequences upon France for acts of the Emperor.

Copenhagen advices indicate that the Baltic fleet unanimously accept the Republic.

The Prussian advance has reached La Forte Sans Jonarre, forty miles from Paris.

Princess Mathilde has been released on the Belgian frontier.

It is said that Bazaine is well supplied with provisions.

It is believed that the French anxiously desire peace.

The Independence Belge says that England withholds mediation at the instance of Foreign Minister Granville, who holds that the integrity of French territory is no longer possible.

It is rumored via Marseilles, that a Republic has been proclaimed in Florence. Crown Prince Humbert has been named as President.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 8.—The Tribune's special from London has the following reports of the declaration made by the French Foreign Minister to Prim, and comes from a private correspondent in a position to know the facts, and who guarantees their accuracy:

Jules Favre had been appealed to for a quasi-official sanction to a republican demonstration in Madrid with an intimation to Prim that he could be President of the Spanish republic. Favre replied that the government of France would not, at this moment, make any movement to encourage a republic in Spain, and would even prefer it should not be declared. The reasons which oblige us to refer to this fact are that republicanism so spread would alienate and terrify Russian and Imperial negotiations pending between the Provincial Government and Russia for an alliance offensive and defensive against Prussia. Should the latter prove too exacting as to the terms of peace, in other words if this alliance takes place, and it is on the point of realization, Russia marched straight on Berlin. She has already begun to arm and sent troops to her western frontier. If you ask what can tempt Russia, she answers that the same military strength which Prussia has now directed against France will sooner or later be turned against Russia, with a view to acquire all the German provinces of Russia. The correspondent adds: You may make all this intelligence, for it cannot long remain a secret. It may be absolutely depended on.

FRANCE.

PARIS, September 8.—Great crowds of Garde Mobile and citizens, carrying French and American flags, made a demonstration before the American Legation to-day in gratitude for the recognition of the French Republic by the United States.

Washburne's letter to Favre gives great satisfaction. The people are satisfied that the American government will interfere in favor of peace.

The following proclamation appears in extras and placards over the city:

The country is in danger. In the presence of the enemy all differences of opinion should disappear before the general safety. Accursed be he who can retain personal desires at such a moment.

The undersigned set aside all opinions save one, that it is our duty to offer a most energetic and absolute assistance, and make no conditions save that the Republic be maintained. Let us all be buried in the ruins of Paris rather than agree to the dismemberment of France.

LACAMBRE,
THE TRIDOR BROTHERS,
VILLENEUVE FEGNARD,
LA VRAND.
PILHES, and others.

A hospital flag has been hoisted over the palace of the Tuileries which, with the gardens attached, have been declared national property.

The journals have stories of horrible cruelties practiced by the advancing Prussians, who, it is said, shoot the women and children on the road side.

Terrible reprisals are demanded of the government.

The Pope still retains the services of his legionaries, though the Italians are rapidly preparing to enter the Papal States.

The Pall Mall Gazette's Paris correspondent says Lord Lyons, Chevalier Nigra and the Italian minister at the French capitol are about going to the King's headquarters to negotiate for a suspension of hostilities.

The Republic is averse to war, but faithful to the dignity of France.

French officers attribute McMahon's capitulation to treason in his own army.

Communications with Paris are liable to interruption at any moment.

Shop-keepers in Paris, in the absence of customers, are hungering for the arrival of the Prussians.

It is reported that the Duke of Hamilton is preparing the Isle of Arran for the residence of a member of the French Imperial family.

Continental money markets are extremely unsettled.

THE HON. HORACE GREELEY'S BELLICOSE COLORED FEMALE ADMIRER.—On Tuesday evening last the great philosopher of Printing House Square was waiting impatiently in front of Booth's Theatre for a Sixth avenue car. Stepping on the platform and entering the door sideways, he looked anxiously about for a seat. He observed a narrow opening between two colored ladies, into which he squeezed himself. A well dressed German, accompanied by two ladies, who sat opposite, smiled. All the passengers laughed. Mr. Greeley vainly attempted to read a newspaper by the dim light, and while leaning toward the lamp, brought his body in rather close proximity to one of the females. The German again laughed outright, upon which the enraged lady of color deliberately spat in his face. All the passengers but Mr. Greeley became excited. The car was stopped, and the billigerent colored lady was handed over to an officer of the Thirtieth Precinct. On being arraigned before Police Justice Cox, she was sent to the Island for ten days. As she was passing the complainant on her way to the prison yard, she again caught him by the lappel of his coat, and deliberately spat between his eyes.

THE PRINCESS SALM-SALM.—A correspondent of the New York Times gives an interesting, though brief sketch, of the Princess Salm-Salm. He says:

"When I was busily occupied with other things, I saw through the window the arrival of A number of army surgeons and Knights of St. John. On a pony was also the Princess Agnes Salm-Salm, dressed in a gray riding-dress, the white badge with the red cross on her arm. She accompanies the celebrated Dr. Busch, of Bonn. I went out to greet her, though I looked more like a robber than a decent man; and several knights and other strangers were not astonished that I made my way through them. But they were still more astonished when the Princess, on seeing me, rushed into my arms and kissed me upon my mouth, presenting me to them as her old, dear friend. I knew her before she was married, and was the only witness at her marriage. She is a splendid, energetic woman, and the manner in which she has behaved since she was in Europe is much admired by every one. The old King William and the Queen think very much of her, and never omit an opportunity to show it."

BEFORE THE SURRENDER.—LONDON, September 6.—Instructions have been sent to Lord Lyons to recognize the French Republic as a *de facto* Government.

Letters from Sedan state the insubordination in the French army was so great before the surrender, that their own officers' lives were in danger. The Emperor was insulted and capitulation necessary to his personal safety.

☞ A private telegram from Brussels states that King William was profoundly overcome when the Emperor's proffer of surrender was brought to him by General Count Lepic, one of the Imperial aids.

His Majesty appointed a meeting at once, and exhibited the most considerate courtesy.

It is not fully known by the Prussians that the Emperor was with the army until the surrender was proposed by him. It is said that the Emperor insisted upon the surrender of the army against the urgency of his younger officers, as he was so much shocked by the fearful slaughter of Wednesday and Thursday.

It is believed that the residence of the Elector of Hesse-Cassel will be assigned to him by King William.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ OBITUARY NOTICES.—ALL Obituary Notices will be charged at the rate of TWO CENTS A WORD. Cash must accompany the notices. aug24-dtf

☞ IF YOU WANT ANYTHING IN the way of a CARRIAGE, BUGGY or PLANTATION WAGON, call on DEMAREST & WOODRUFF, at McDaniel's Warehouse. They have the largest stock in the city, and are selling very cheap. sep6-d3t

☞ TO THE FRIENDS AND PATRONS OF KUHN'S GALLERY.—Those of you who desire pictures of yourselves, children or friends, will please attend to it at once. In about two weeks the Gallery will be closed for some time for extensive repairs. Hurry up while the weather is good. We are making some of the most beautiful pictures ever before made in the South. Don't forget the place, KUHN'S GALLERY, 290 Whitehall Street.

KUHN & SMITH,
sep6-d3t Proprietors.

New Advertisements.

GEORGIA, Gwinnett County.

AT the first regular term of the Court after the expiration of four weeks from the date of this notice, application will be made to the Court of Ordinary or said county, for leave to sell the LAND belonging to the estate of Egbert B. Smith, deceased. September 5, 1870

ELMIRA J. SMITH, Administratrix.
sep9-w4w Printer's fee $5

WANTED,

A GENTEEL and reliable YOUNG MAN or BOY, with good reference, as CLERK in a first-class RETAIL GROCERY—one that can board with his employer. Address "D," Box 230 P. O., appointing an interview at some convenient place in town. sep9-d1t

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

JOHNSON PROPERTY ON STATE RAILROAD.

I WILL sell on the premises, on THUSDAY, the 15th instant, at four o'clock in the afternoon, ELEVEN LOTS, situated on that beautiful hill fronting on the right of way of the State Road, west of L. Dean's residence on Marietta Street, south of O'Shield, Lambert and others, and near the Church. Every lot lies well, and is convenient for residence lots. As the lots are small, each lot will be sold with the privilege of the adjoining one. Titles are indisputable.

Terms—One-half cash; balance 1st January, with interest. Sale positive. Examine the lots and attend the sale.

G. W. ADAIR,
sep9-d1t Real Estate Agent,
35 Alabama Street.

AT AUCTION,

ON the premises, at four o'clock, SATURDAY AFTERNOON, September the 10th, 1870,

SIX RESIDENCE LOTS,

Lying west of T. C. Jackson's residence, in neighborhood of E. E. Rawson, on an eminence commanding a fine view of the city.

The property must be sold absolutely, and bargains may be had.

☞ Don't wait for personal invitation—come to our office at 3½ o'clock, and take conveyance out to the sale. Titles perfect.

Terms—One-half cash; balance 60 and 90 days

BELL & HAMMOCK,
sep9-d3t Real Estate Agents,
Office Next to James' Bank.

FOR SALE.

A FINE TURNOUT, consisting of HORSE, BUGGY, HARNESS, BLANKET, ROBE, WHIP, etc.; Horse is six years old, sound and kind, a good roadster; Buggy and Harness nearly new. Will be sold very low. Call at once.

J. K. JAMISON,
sep9-d3t At Rose & Co.'s.

FOR RENT,

THE TEN-ROOM HOUSE on Hunter St., lately occupied by Mrs. Lancaster. Kitchen, Servant's room, Stable, Carriage House, Cow House, fine garden spot, etc. Ice House, best water, and is regarded as a healthy location. Terms—$60 per month. Delightful possession given at once. Inquire in advance. Possession given at once. Inquire of

V. P. SISSON.
sep4-d6t

Furnished House to Let.

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE, convenient to business. TO LET to a small family for a short time. Address Box 12, Post-office.
sep8-d3t

WANTED,

A SITUATION as BOOK-KEEPER, by a thorough Accountant of ten years' experience. Any house requiring the services of a competent BOOK-KEEPER will apply to Moore's Atlanta Business College, corner Whitehall and Hunter Streets.
sep8-d3t

LEATHER.

A GOOD SUPPLY OF
Sole, Harness and Upper Leather.
For sale at law market prices by
THOS. KELLY,
111 Whitehall Street,
sep8-d3t Atlanta.

HIDES.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR
Country Hides, Tallow, etc.
THOS. KELLY,
111 Whitehall Street,
sep8-d3t Atlanta.

Special Term Fulton Superior Court.

A SPECIAL TERM of Fulton Superior Court will be held on the THIRD MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER, for the trial of criminal cases. Parties, witnesses and jurors will take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W. E. VENABLE, Clerk.
sep8-d6t Fulton Superior Court.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

MR. J. M. PATTON'S PROPERTY.

I WILL sell, upon the premises, on FRIDAY, the 16th day of September, commencing at 4 o'clock in the afternoon,

18 Residence Lots,

On the corner of Rolling Mill and Irwin Streets, immediately South of Dr. Hitchcock's residence. These lots are a subdivision of Mr. Julius M. Patton's three acre residence lot. It has upon it some noble forest trees, choice fruit trees, evergreens and other grape vines. It is on a high hill, with superior water. Every lot lies well and commands a fine view of the city.

It is a superior location for nice residence lots, all well enclosed.

These lots will furnish convenient homes for operatives in the Planing Mills in the eastern part of the city, and in the extensive Furniture Factory soon to be erected on Harris Street. The attention of capitalists is called to this sale. Upon the premises are two one-story buildings to be sold and removed, if required, by the purchasers of the lots upon which they stand.

This will be a positive sale with unquestioned title. Conveyances and all the usual attractions will be furnished.

Terms—One-half cash; balance 1st January, next, with interest.

G. W. ADAIR,
sep8-d3t Real Estate Agent,
33 Alabama Street.

CENTRAL GEORGIA FAIR.

Special Rules.

HAVING been appointed Managers of the Tournament, we publish the following rules for the information of the public.

GEO. W. GRAVES,
C. H. CAMPFIELD,
A. O. BACON,
T. G. HOLT, JR.,
W. W. CARNES,
Managers.

I. The Tournament will take place on Tuesday, October 4th, at 12 o'clock.

II. No Knight will be allowed to ride except in costume, as at most recent name and character to the Secretary. Entries may be made until October 1st, but Knights intending to ride are requested to register as soon as possible. In case of conflict in character, those first reporting will have priority.

III. The riding shall be upon a straight track, and the course with the tilting cavalry scabbard, at three heads and three rings, placed alternately, thirty yards apart. Each Knight shall be entitled to three tilts.

IV. Each Knight must make the ride from the first head to the last ring in fourteen seconds, and any Knight consuming more time shall lose his ride, except in case of accident, to be determined by the Judges.

V. Each head must be cut off with a "right cut," and each ring taken with "fierce point."

VI. The Knight counting the greatest number of heads and rings in the three rides shall be entitled to the first prize. The Knight taking the next highest number shall be entitled to the second prize.

VII. The victorious Knight shall have the privilege of crowning Queen of Love and Beauty, and the six Knights next on the list in order of merit shall have the privilege of crowning six Maids of Honor. The presentation and coronation will take place within the hippodrome immediately after the ride.

VIII. The first prize shall be a complete equipment for a horse (saddle, bridle, housings, etc.,) to cost $100. The second prize shall be a pair of silver spurs, and silver mounted riding whip, to cost $50.

IX. The decision of the judges upon all questions that may arise shall be final.

TROTTING RACES,

The rules of the American Turf Congress will be observed in these races.

RUNNING RACES.

The rules of the Metairie Jockey Club will be observed in these races.

BASE BALL MATCH.

The rules of the National Base Ball Association will govern in the match game.

For further information address
T. L. MASHBURN, Secretary,
sep8-d3t Macon, Ga.

Merchants of Atlanta

Will find it to their advantage to

ADVERTISE

—IN THE—

SOUTHERN BANNER,

Published at Athens, Georgia.

IT CIRCULATES throughout Northeast Georgia, whose trade is an important tributary to the business of Atlanta.

J. J. LUMPKIN is authorized to make contracts at Publisher's rates.

S. A. ATKINSON, Publisher.
sep6-d3t

A. P. HARRIS. D. T. HICKS.

Harris & Hicks,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

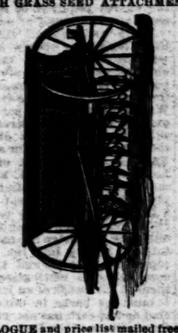
PEACHTREE STREET,

HAVE in Store and for sale Corn, Oats, Rye, Flour, Meal, Feedstuffs, Bacon, Lard and Groceries. Cheap for cash. sep6-d1w

BICKFORD & HUFFMAN'S

Grain Drill and Guano Distributor,

WITH GRASS SEED ATTACHMENT.



AS General Agent for the State of Georgia for the above, I beg to call the attention of farmers to them. sep6-d3m

THE NEEDLE COTTON GIN

Was placed before the public last season as an original and entirely new machine. It had, as all new machines have, some defects, the chief weakness being in the needles lacking strength. This has entirely removed, and I offer to the public for the present season, in the Needle Gin, one that combines with its superiority in all other points, durability.

Gins sold last season will be supplied with entire outfit of the improved needles, free of cost.

REASONABLE PRICES.

We warrant all work ordered of us. We can also, prepared to

Repair Wagons, Buggies, etc.

We will deliver Wagons at any of the Depots in Atlanta, for shipment

Address, JAMES A. BARR,
july13-d1t&tsnov Cumming, Ga.

TURBINE WATER WHEELS

TWO of the best Turbine Water Wheels made in the United States, (the famous new

The Daily Constitution.

Atlanta, Ga., September 9, 1870.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Index to New Advertisements.

Six Residence Lots for Sale—Bell & Hammock.
Eleven Lots on Railroad street for Sale—G. W. Adair.
Fine Turn-Out for Sale—J. E. Jamison.
Clerk in Retail Grocery Store Wanted—"D," Box 223.
Leave to Sell Land—Elmira J. Smith.

THE Rink will be open to-morrow night.

REMEMBER the sale of the Patton property to-day by Colonel Adair.

THE GORDON KNIGHTS will ride at Oglethorpe Park this afternoon for a $10 prize, contributed by F. B. Wooten, Esq.

MR. V. P. SISSON has a large and elegant residence to rent on Hunter street. Those wishing to secure a pleasant home will do well to apply early.

THE St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad Company, at the meeting of the Executive Committee of the Green Line, at Louisville, on the 1st, was admitted into the Line.

OUR friend, S. A. Echols, received yesterday, per Express, a pair of White Chester pigs, six weeks old, which are as fine specimens of the hog for their age as we have seen.

SEVERAL days ago three goats fell down the steep side of Stone Mountain, and have not been able to pick up the pieces into which they were shattered, by a fall of eight hundred feet, since.

THE Onward Literary Society meets this Friday night at Miss Latimer's school room, on Marietta street, for the purpose of reorganization. J. W. Manning is President, and Orion T. Dozier Secretary.

A LARGE number of ladies and gentlemen went down on the moonlight excursion to Stone Mountain last night. We noticed quite a number of young widows and old widowers along.

THE family of Roaches mentioned by us yesterday, as being poisoned, did not belong to the genus hom's, but to the insect of the genus Blatta, commonly known as Cockroach! They were poisoned with State Road "grease."

WE are creditably informed that the ladies of Atlanta do not wish to take charge of the Soup House and Hospital themselves. They only wish to secure rooms to put the benevolent institution into immediate effect.

A MEETING of the Board of Trustees of the Atlanta Female College will be held in the Supreme Court room Saturday evening at 5 o'clock. Attendance of the full board is desired, as matters of special importance to the enterprise will be considered.

WE learn that the Trustees of the Marietta Female College, yesterday, purchased the residence of A. Howell, Esq., with four acres attached, for the sum of ten thousand dollars. The house is eminently fitted for a college, and we congratulate our Marietta friends upon their action. We look upon the college as an assured success.

THE German population of Atlanta is cordially invited to a meeting to take place at the Concordia Hall (Scofield's Building), on Friday, September 9, at 8 o'clock in the evening, precisely, for the purpose of uniting in expressions of their sympathies for the German cause in the war now pending in Europe. The presence of ladies is especially desired.

THE Rural Southerner, for September, is promptly on our table, filled with choice original and selected matter. A new and interesting feature has been introduced, viz: that of wood cut illustrations. The present number contains a fine illustration of "Farmer Fogy's Bull training for the Fair, to enter for a premium." Terms—Only $1 per annum. Edited by Colonel S. A. Echols and Major A. J. Beck. It is just the thing, and so handy to have about the house.

GREEN LINE EXCURSION TO CINCINNATI. At the late meeting of the Green Line Executive Committee at Louisville, Kentucky, an invitation from a committee of merchants and citizens of Cincinnati to the merchants of the Green Line cities to visit that city during the industrial exhibitions, commencing September 21, and continuing thirty days, was read and accepted. The excursion will leave the different cities during the first week in October, uniting in Atlanta on a given day, to be named by the committee of arrangements, of which A. Pope, Esq., is chairman.

INJUNCTION DISSOLVED.—In the injunction case of Elsas & Bro. vs. Karlsruer & Hoff, Judge Lochrane has dissolved the injunction, holding that there is no equity in the Bill. Karlsruer & Hoff, of Rome, obtained a judgment in March last, in B. D. Smith's court, against Elsas & Bro. The defendants obtained an injunction at the last Superior court, Judge Greene presiding, enjoining the officers of the court from levying and selling under the judgment obtained. Baugh, Garlington & Arnold, for Elsas & Bro.; W. G. Irwin, for Karlsruer & Hoff.

IMPORTANT DECISION.—Judge Lochrane, at Chambers, made an important decision a few days ago. The facts involved in the case were these: Mr. I. P. Calhoun sued the Mayor and Council of the City of Atlanta. The case, after years of litigation, went to the Supreme Court. While pending there, the case was settled, Mr. Calhoun giving a receipt in full of judgment in consideration of the sum of eighty dollars. The fees for the witnesses in the case, amounting to some $180, the Council refused to pay. A motion was made to hold the Council liable for them. Judge Lochrane decided that Mr. Calhoun having receipted in full of judgment was liable for the fees of the witnesses, and relieved the city of all liability. The motion was dismissed.

Hill & Candler, T. P. Westmoreland, for movants; Captain H. Jackson for the city.

GEORGIA STATE AGRICULTURAL CONVENTION.—We are pleased to see, by a visit to the secretary's office, that the people are beginning to evince a deeper interest in the convention and the museum of the convention established permanently in this city.

Miss Emma H. Eve, of Marietta, contributes a fan and wreath, manifesting such skill in construction and showing such beauty in design, color and form as to defy powers of description.

Mr. J. R. Gamble contributes a specimen of coral found in Chattooga county, in a locality which is very graphically called the "Seaboard of the Mountains." It is in many respects similar to the reef of the Florida coasts, and evidently formed in the same manner. Also two vertebral sections of fish, found in the same locality. To the eye and touch, these latter seem phosphatic. Mr. Gamble promises still more interesting contributions.

Colonel Ward, of Butts county, presents some forty specimens of minera's and ores from that county. Though taken from the immediate region mainly in which the Colonel lives, they indicate for the whole county great richness in the variety and beauty of its minerals. Among the number presented is a specimen of quartz crystal equal to the finest Scotch pebble in transparency. There are in the number beautiful and rich specimens of iron ore, and other ores indicating the presence of copper. A striking feature in nearly all these specimens is that any of them seems to be composed of a half dozen elements. There is one specimen, on the end where broken, shows mixed quartz and iron, with two rather flat sides or surfaces, indicating the results of fire and smoke, so black are they and glazed; and across one of their black surfaces are the colors and curve of a rainbow, apparently as perfect as ever spanned the heavens. In the same number of stones from any locality, there could be found no stronger evidence of the necessity of a thorough scientific examination and classification of the minerals of the whole State.

Colonel G. P. Culverhouse, of Crawford county, presents some interesting specimens from the cretaceous formation at Rich Hill, in that county, among which is a perfect oyster with both valves, and closed, and star fish. Also, a specimen which by the side of the fine specimens of phosphates sent to this office by Mr. John R. Dukes, of Charleston, would be pronounced as good as they. A specimen of iron ore is also among the lot.

Colonel Joseph A. Shewmake presents specimens of iron ore from Burke county, and three specimens of hammered bar iron, made from the ore by the Hancock Iron Company. These specimens have an appearance of containing a high per cent. of iron, which is striking, and instantly so. It has been attested repeatedly by analysis, and more than once has the answer of high authority in science been that there is no purer ore in America—73 to 80 per cent. The deposit is inexhaustible, ranging for miles from a point four miles east of Waynesboro to the Savannah River, cropping out in many localities in masses that renders mining and digging unnecessary.

Messrs. Rochford, J. A. McMillan, W. J. McRae, from Montgomery county, present a fragment from the monument of Governor Gayle, who is buried in Montgomery county. The fragment which the movement is made to found near the spot. It seems to be a dark greyish sandstone, very hard, very compact, with now and then a slender or small cells, in some of which there seems to the naked eye to be innumerable and infinitely small crystals. It would be classed as good building stone. It is well that this, even if an infinitely more valuable relic, should have a place in the museum of the Society. Governor Troup was a life member, and among the number of its early friends. When too old and infirm to attend its meetings, he manifested his sympathy with the efforts of its friends by presenting the Executive Committee in 1854 with fifty splendid fat mutton sheep.

Dr. F. W. Douglas presents an Indian Calumet, ploughed up on the Genesee river, in Laurens county, five miles above Dublin. It is made of grey soap stone, though very hard. It has a cut on the bowl, made by the plough share which exhumed it. It weighs some three pounds.

Messrs. Rachford, McMillan & McRae, of Montgomery county, present the Horns of two Bucks that were found at the end of a deadly combat, the one dead and the other dying—the horns having, during the fight, become so interlocked as to have rendered separation or disengagement impossible by the animals themselves, thus rendering death by thirst and hunger inevitable. A singular combat—both victors and both victims—both conquerors and both conquered.

Mr. H. I. Kimball presents a valuable collection of minerals and ores made in Chattooga and Dade counties, and other portions of Northwest Georgia by C. W. Howard, consisting of iron ores, coal, grindstone, soapstone, fire clay, etc.

Representative A. S. Fowler, of Catoosa county, presents a sack of two bushels of yellow oats, weighing more to the bushel, and yielding more per acre, than any other variety.

Hon. Samuel F. Gove, of Bibb, presents a valuable lot of books, which, in connection with those presented by the Department of the Interior, through the efforts of Senator Miller, makes the department of Documentary History of the United States, nearly, if not quite, complete.

LOVE AND A FARM.

A Wedding Postponed.

Quite a number of odd and amusing scenes frequently occur with parties who visit the probate court for the purpose of securing the necessary papers to legalize their marriage. But the other day a young man, about twenty-one, accompanied by one of the opposite sex equally as young, ascended the main steps of the courthouse, and then, on being directed to the probate court, took up the line of march for its hallowed precincts. Reaching the threshold, the young man wavered, and refused to enter.

"His hand did quake,
And trembling like a leaf of aspen green,
And troubled blood thro' his pale face was seen
To come and go, with tidings from the heart,
As if a running messenger had been"

The rustic maiden, who was extremely anxious to see the marriage programme carried to a successful issue, looked down upon him with pleading eyes, and then, taking him by the hand in the most tender manner, besought him to enter the court and obtain the license. "Oh, come along, Jake; what's the use of backing out?" fell in dulcet tones upon Jacob's ear.

"Melindy, don't. The old man will give me fits if I marry you."

"Haven't you told me a thousan I times that you would marry me in spite of the old man?"

"Yes! yes! but there is——

"Is what?"

"Why, the farm."

"Plague take the farm!"

"Yes, but Melindy," reasoned her lover, "hadn't we better wait till the old man dies? and then I'll have the farm sure."

"Dot rot his old soul, he'll live 50 years yet; there's no die in him. Come along now and git that ere license; I ain't a going to be put off any more."

"I'll tell you what I'll do, Melindy."

"Well, spit her out."

"If the old man holds out agin my having you till Christmas, I'll marry you then, farm or no farm."

"Sure?"

"As sure as my name's Jacob."

"Well, let her go, then, till Christmas; but if you back out then, Jake, look sharp."

"I'll see the scratch then, by jingo, if the old man runs me off the farm with a double-barrel shot-gun, certain." And Jake looked as if he would.

Thus reassured on being married by Christmas, Melinda drew off with her Jake, fully satisfied, doubtless, with the postponement. But if Jake does prove recreant to his promises, we will wager any amount of pickles that Melindy will go for him, to use the vernacular of the uncultivated, "like a thousand of brick."—*Cincinnati Times.*

THE TERMS OF PEACE.—Berlin, Sept. 4. It is rumored that the following will be the terms of peace offered by the Prussians: Nice and Savoy to be given back to Italy, which must be consolidated with Rome as the capitol—the Pope of Rome obtaining an immense increase from Italy in consideration of giving us the State of the Church; Prussia to receive Lorraine and Alsace; the partition between Bavaria and Baden, and Saxony, Wurtemburg and Hesse to be indemnified.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 8—Gold 137¾. Money 5@6. Sterling 9¾@9¾. Governments quiet. Southerns quiet and unchanged.

Cotton dull; sales 1000; uplands 18¾. Flour dull; superfine state and western 4 75@4 90; Southerns dull and lower; common to fair extra 5 25@6 20; good to choice 6 30@7 20. Wheat—heavy and lower; winter red and amber western 1 25@1 29. Corn 78@80. Mess pork 26 00@26 12½. Lard nominal. Whisky 93@93. Groceries and navals firm. Tallow dull. Freights firm.

Midnight—Gold opened steady at 14a 14⅛; on the announcement that Lord Lyons had left Paris for the king's headquarters to arrange peace, caused a depression to 13⅞; afterward's advanced to 14⅜ on a telegram from Washington of a split in the Cabinet. Fish and Boutwell opposing recognition of the French Republic, and then declined to 13⅞. Tennessees 62; new 60½; Virginias 67; Louisianas 70; new 64; Levees 73; 8's 87; Alabamas 110; 5's 70; Georgias 83; 7's 91; North Carolinas 50; new 28.

CINCINNATI, September 8—Flour dull; family 5 40@5 60. Corn 68@70. Whisky dull at 89@90, and but small sales. Pork lower 26 75 no buyers. Lard 15¼. Bacon held firmly; shoulders 14½@14¾; clear sides 16.

ST. LOUIS, September 8.—Bagging steady. Flour heavy at 4 10@4 25. Corn heavy; mixed 61@62. Whisky 92. Pork lower. Bacon firm at 14½; clear sides 18½@18¾. Lard 16@16¼.

LOUISVILLE, September 8.—Bagging active at 29@29¼. Flour dull; extra 5 25. Corn weak at 95. Provisions firmer and unchanged. Pork 28 00. Shoulders 14½; clear sides 18½. Whisky 90@91.

BALTIMORE, September 8.—Cotton dull; middlings 18¼; sales 50; net receipts 12; stock 920.

NEW ORLEANS, September 8.—Cotton tending downward; middlings 18¾; sales 500 bales; net receipts 59; coastwise 174; total 233; stock 17,377.

Flour firmer; superfine 5 50; double 6 15; treble 6 75@6 85. Corn quiet; mixed 87@92; white 95@97. Hay firm; choice 28 00; prime 26 00; Ohio River ordinary 23 00. Pork dull; mess 29 00. Bacon jobbing at 16@18½@20; hams dull, sugar-cured 21½@23½. Lard, tierce 17½@18¾; refined 17½@18¾; kegs held at 20. Sugar dull; prime 13. Molasses—city refined 53@75. Whisky 93½@1 05. Coffee—prime 17½.

Sterling 26@26½. Sight ¾ premium. Gold 137¾.

NORFOLK, September 8.—Cotton quiet; middlings 17¼; net receipts 79; exports, coastwise, 131; stocks 263.

CHARLESTON, September 8.—Cotton sales 50 bales; net receipts 440; stock 1432; middlings 18.

SAVANNAH, September 8.—Cotton sales 400 bales; net receipts 779; stock 4,022; middlings 17¾@17¾ and demand active.

MOBILE, September 8.—Cotton sales 250 bales; stock 10,021; net receipts 82; exports, coastwise 317; middlings 17¼@17¾.

BOSTON, September 8.—Cotton sales 300 bales; net receipts 54; stock 2400; middlings 20@20¾.

GALVESTON, September 8.—Cotton sales 25 bales; net receipt 67; stock 4,846; good ordinary 14½@15.

LIVERPOOL, September 8—Evening.—Cotton down; uplands 9¼; orleans 9¾; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and exports 1,000. Corn 28s. 6d. Beef and pork nominal. Lard dull. Common rosin 4s. 9d.

LONDON, September 8.—Consols 93. Bonds 89¼.

PARIS, September 8.—Rentes 52.

Local and Business Notices.

EQUINE LINIMENT, a sure cure for scratches.

Wonderful effects from EQUINE REMEDIES.

EQUINE REMEDIES a great discovery.

EQUINE REMEDIES sure and effectual.

For Horses and Cattle use EQUINE REMEDIES. sep6dlw

PEASLEE'S "VITALIA" although transparent and colorless, will darken gray hair to the exact shade it wore before it began to fade! Among the triumphs of toilet chemistry it stands pre-eminent. It is clear and sweet smelling, and its name already is a "household word."

For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. sep6decdlw

OAR and after Tuesday next, free dinners will be given on Tuesday and Friday nights at the King House, at Stone Mountain. july2-dtf

IF you want Window Glass, Pure Lead, Linseed Oil, Putty, or anything in the paint line, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-dly

Go to Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, for anything you want in the drug line. You will get it cheaper than at any other house in the city. july10-dly

FORTY Barrels Cherry Brandy just received at Kenny's Chicago Ale Depot, on Pryor street. july6-dtf

Go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street, and get the best Lubricating Oil that is made for fine machinery. july10-dly

IF you want White Rock Potash, Concentrated Lye, Chesp Soap, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-dly

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS—PIANOS AND MELODEONS.—George Cook & Co., Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. The largest house in the Southern States. Mr. Wm. M. Shackleford, an experienced gentlemen, superintends the Musical Department. Professional and Amateur Musicians will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Everything pertaining to the "Art Melodious," to be found here. Special attention paid to Tuning Pianos.

GEORGE COOK & CO.,
aug24-dly Marietta street.

"It's mity curls," said Mrs. Partington to Ike, while reading about the impending war in Europe, "that the Hollerhorn creates sich an ado in Yurrup, when it's sich a common disease among the cattle in Amerikey." The old lady having delivered herself of the above, took a dose of Lippman's Great German Bitters to cheer her depressed spirits and resumed her knitting.

Lippman's Bitters are for sale by all druggists and dealers. For sale by B. F. Wyly, A. J. West & Co., Pemberton, Taylor & Co., Wholesale Agents, Atlanta, Ga. aug24-d&wtf

IF you want Choice Butter, go to C. J. KICKLIGHTER'S Confectionery, 79½ Whitehall street. aug28-d2w

LIVER COMPLAINT is very prevalent throughout the United States, but more especially in the Southern and Western States. The most frequent symptoms are melancholy feelings, pains in the right and extending to the left side, and some difficulty is experienced by lying on the left side, pale and sallow complexion, sick headache, dizziness, hacking cough, no appetite, pains in the back joints, etc. Very few of our readers but have experienced one or more of the above symptoms; and, therefore, how necessary that a remedy can nip the disease in its early stages should be at hand, that remedy is LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS. sep6 1eod1w&wlt

S-T-1860-X, however, like the initials on the old Roman banners, has a meaning. It represents Saint Croix—ST. being the convential equivalent of Saint, and 1 8 6 0 standing for the letters C-R-O-I, and so forming, with the concluding X, the word Croix. By placing the trademark and the name of the island in juxtaposition, with the figures over the letters they are intended to denote, the explanation will be understood:

S. T. 1860. X.
S T CROI X.

Nothing can be more simple, or, it may be, more appropriate. St. Croix Rum is the stimulating basis of the PLANTATION BITTERS, and it is, therefore, "in accordance with the fitness of things," that St. Croix should be the basis of their business shibboleth.

The new food prepared from SEA Moss FARINE is meeting with wonderful success; and well it may, for a more delightful dessert for the table cannot be imagined. sep6deod1w&wlt

IF IT IS THROWN IN YOUR TEETH that you do not keep your dental apparatus in proper trim, it is your own fault, for the world knows that you might do so by using the matchless vegetable dentrifice SOZODONT.

"SPALDING'S GLUE." Cheap, Convenient and Useful. Mends everything. sep4lw

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Ky., is situated most conveniently to the business portion of the city. sep6d1w

IF you want Rosadalia, Koskoo, McLean's Cordial, Tutt's Sarsaparilla, or Radway's Ready Resolvent, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-dly

HAVE you a Cough? Have you Bronchitis? Have you Asthma? Have you Spitting of Blood? Have you Night Sweats? Have you Consumption? Have you any disease of the throat or lungs?

For the cure of any of these complaints, use Globe Flower Cough Syrup. It has made some of the most wonderful cures recorded in Medical Science, even when the patients were considered in the last stages of consumption. *Nil desperandum.*

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & Co.
sept8-tf

IF you want Soda, Cream Tartar, Black Pepper, Ginger, Spice, Nutmegs, Mace, go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store, on Broad street. july10-dly

PATENT MEDICINE DEPOT.—Parties in want of any of the popular patent medicines of the day, will find it to their interest to call on Bradfield & Co., Broad street, Atlanta, Ga., next door to Colonel Mark W. Johnson's. july10-dtf

VICTORIA lawn suits at Mrs. Frank's.

PERCALE travelling suits at Mrs. Frank's.

LARGE assortment of ladies' suits at Mrs. Frank's.

SASH ribbons of latest style at Mrs. Frank's.

GREAT reduction of prices in millinery goods at Mrs. Frank's.

FRENCH calico at 17½ cents per yard at Mrs. Frank's.

SUMMER dress goods selling at greatly reduced prices at Mrs. Frank's, Decatur street. july24-dtf.

IF you want pure Drugs go to L. H. Bradfield's Drug Store on Broad street. july10-dly

THE SHIVERING SEASON.—The loss to the laboring classes of the United States caused by fever and ague, has been estimated at upwards of two millions of dollars per annum. Whole settlements are sometimes prostrated by the disease, and it is regarded in some localities as one of those visitations of Providence which cannot be avoided. This is a mistake. As certainly as any of the evils which are invited by neglect may be forestalled by precaution—so certainly may an attack of intermittent (or remittent) fever be prevented by invigorating the system with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, in advance of the season, at which this malady prevails. Prevention, it is needless to say, is the wisest policy; but it is consoling to know that where time has not been thus taken by the forelock, and the paroxysms have actually commenced, a complete cure may, in all cases, be rapidly effected by the use of this powerful vegetable tonic. The reputation of the Bitters as a specific for dyspepsia, liver complaint, constipation and nervous debility, has in some measure thrown into the shade its merits as a preventive and cure of other ailments, but all who have ever taken it, either as a protection against or a remedy for malarious fevers, will admit that it surpasses in efficiency all the so-called specifics (including quinine) usually prescribed for those maladies, while it is at the same time entirely harmless and decidedly palatable.

sept8-deod1w&wlt

RACES ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hardeman & Sparks.

WE DEEM IT WHOLLY UNnecessary to inform the Planters of Georgia and Carolinas, that we are still engaged, at our old stand, in the

WAREHOUSE AND COMMISSION

business, where, for so many years, we have served you so

FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants.

We have left no stone unturned to aid you in carrying on your farming interest, and in turn we now bespeak a continuation of the very liberal patronage extended us in the past. Your Cotton shall be weighed on the LETTS, sold and accounted for on the SQUARE. By closely guarding your every interest, we intend to merit your patronage.

To our old friends of many years standing, we return our grateful acknowledgments, and to new ones, who may try us, we promise our best efforts, backed by the experience of many years, to serve them faithfully and well.

Orders for supplies will meet with prompt attention. O. G. SPARKS,
T. HARDEMAN, Jr.
aug14-d3m

GEO. M. LOGAN.
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
SECOND STREET,
MACON - - - GA.

REFERENCES:

J. B. Rose & Son, Macon, Ga.; I. C. Plant, Esq., Banker, Macon, Ga.; Hardeman & Sparks, Macon, Ga.; C. A. Nutting, Esq., Banker, Macon, Ga.; W. B. Johnston, Esq., Macon, Ga.; S. F. Dickinson, Esq., Dalton, Ga.; Howe, Jenkins & Co., New York; Carhart & Brother, New York; E. Russell, Esq., New York; A. L. Waxwell, Esq., Macon, Ga.; J. DeLoache, Esq., Macon, Ga.; J. W. Lathrop, Esq., Savannah, Ga.; Daniel Perkins & Co., New York.

Cotton purchased and Shipped on Orders
aug10-d6m

Important Sale.

BY agreement of all the parties interested, I will sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder, at the Court-house door in the city of Atlanta, on the 18th day of October, 1870, commencing at 11 o'clock, A. M., the following

VALUABLE PROPERTY

Belonging to the late firm of King, Hardee & Co., to-wit: Lots of land Nos. 249, 297 and 273, containing 40 acres each, a fraction of about five acres on lot No. 223, and a fraction of about twelve acres east of 273.

This property lies on each side of Willis creek, in Cobb county, 14 miles from the Chattahoochee river, and has on it a constant and reliable water power, equal to 100-horse power. There is a dam across the creek about 100 feet long, with 18 feet fall. About 25 feet of the dam was washed away by a freshet, but the remainder is in good order, with strong rock abutments. There are also on the premises some fine river bottom land, a

SAW MILL BUILDING,

With circular saw machinery complete, and in good running order. The Mill building is two stories high, and there is plenty of good timber within two miles of the Mill. There is, also, on the place, a two-story Mill building, 65 feet long by 25 feet wide, with one line of shafting in the same, one

Wool Roll Card and Bur Machine

One wool picker, one wool waste duster, one card grinder, one

LARGE TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE.

With fine yards and orchards attached, one blacksmith house with two rooms, one stable with harness and fodder loft, and one

BLACKSMITH'S SHOP

This property is 9 miles from Marietta, 24 miles from Roswell, and 2¼ miles from the Chattahoochee ferry, where the terminus of the branch road from the Air-Line Railroad is located.

This property is sold for division, and is a fine field for investment.

Terms cash. NOAH R. FOWLER,
july14-d1aw-tf8oct Assignee.

PARENTS SHOULD DEMAND
That Their Children Use Only

The only series prepared by Eminent Southern educators, and the only books without offense to the feelings and thoughts of the Southern people. Send for circulars giving full particulars to

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THE VOCAL TRIAD,
EMBRACING THREE SYSTEMS OF
MUSICAL NOTATION,
Containing over
Fifty Lessons in the Theory of Music,

IN progressive and catechetical order—divided into three departments: Primary, Intermediate and Advanced Courses, interspersed with

NEW MUSIC BY EMINENT COMPOSERS,

Embracing many pieces never before published, for the use of Choirs, Societies, Schools, Churches and Conventions,

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Barnesville, Georgia,

Price—Single copy, $1 50; per dozen, $16 50; per hundred, $125 00. aug28 d1m

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THE SAVANNAH MORNING NEWS,

Now is the time to Subscribe for It,

You have your choice, and can take either the Daily, Tri-Weekly, or Weekly edition.

THE MORNING NEWS

IS, in all respects, a Democratic journal, faithful to Democratic principles and earnest in advocacy of Democratic measures. It believes that the success of its party is necessary to the salvation of the country. Its reputation as a news journal will be maintained as heretofore. In Domestic, Foreign and Commercial Intelligence, Literature, etc., it is not surpassed by any paper in the country. Its whole character is comprehensively stated in saying that it is a great Democratic and Family Newspaper, devoted to the interests of the people of the South. To every business man, its Market Intelligence alone is worth many times its subscription.

Colonel W. T. THOMPSON, with able assistants, has control of its Editorial and News columns; while its corps of Reporters are reliable in every respect.

Terms—1 year, $10 00; 6 months, $5 00; 3 months $3 50.

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS

Is published every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, and is made up from the daily edition. Terms—1 year, $6 00; 6 months, $3 00; 3 months $1 50.

THE WEEKLY NEWS

Is issued every Friday; is designed for country readers and contains a careful summary of the news of the week, with the principle editorials, the current news, the latest dispatches, and full market reports.

Terms—$1 00 a year; $1 00 for 6 months.

No attention paid to orders, unless accompanied by the money.

Postmasters everywhere are authorized to act as agents.

Money can be sent by Postoffice order or Express, at our risk. Address,

J. H. ESTILL,
sept8-2tf 111 Bay Street, Savannah.

BRICKS FOR SALE.

I HAVE Two hundred thousand good average Bricks, at my yard in West End, which I will sell reasonably, for cash, if called for soon.

sept8-2tf JULIUS GLATZ.

DR. F. H. ORME,
(HOMŒOPATHIST,)

HAS removed his office to No. 3, Capitol Building.

sept8-2tf-tue-thu-1awtw

Troy Female Seminary.

THIS Institution offers the accumulated advantages of over fifty years of successful operation.

Every facility is provided for a thorough course of useful and ornamental education, under the direction of more than twenty professors and teachers.

For circulars apply to JOHN H. WILLARD,
aug25-d6m Troy, New York.

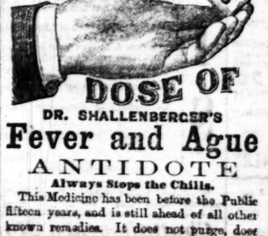
LANDSBERG'S
LUMBER YARD,
OPPOSITE GEORGIA RAILROAD DEPOT.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

SAWED SHINGLES & LATHS.

SASH, DOORS & BLINDS.

AND ALL
VARIETIES OF DRY
AND
Framing Lumber.

July9—dtf



For Pure Water, use this celebrated Pump, entirely tasteless, durable and reliable; equal to the good old-fashioned wooden Pump, and costing less than half the money. Easily arranged so as to be non-freezing, and in construction so simple that any one can put it up and keep it in repair.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PUMP NOW MADE.

Fine Coffin Warerooms
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CONSTANTLY on hand a large lot of Fine METALLIC CASES. Also a large number of Walnut and Poplar Coffins. In connection with the Warerooms, there is a fine HEARSE, also Carriage to attend Funerals.

Prompt attendance guaranteed to all orders. WM. WOOD.
June6-d1y Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

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VERMIFUGE.

WHY is it that so many children die under the age of five years? That a large proportion of children die under that age, has long been a subject of remark, and without a satisfactory cause ascertained, it is certain.

Also, it is known that worms exist in the human system from its earliest infancy; therefore parents, especially mothers, who are more constantly with their children, can not be too observing of the first *symptoms of worms;* for so surely as they exist, can they be safely and certainly removed from the most Delicate Infant, by the timely use of

B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.

It is perfectly harmless, contains no Mercury, being a purely Vegetable Compound, and may be administered with the utmost safety to children of all ages.

Worm Confections, made more for the purpose of pleasing the palate than of overcoming the disease, have been manufactured all over the country, but their short lease of life is nearly exhausted, and B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge continues to grow in favor daily.

CAUTION.

Should occasion require you to purchase B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, be particularly careful too see that the initials are B. A. This is the article that has been so

Favorably Known Since 1829,

And purchasers must insist on having it, if they do not wish to have an invitation forced upon them.

Schwartz & Haslett,
FORMERLY
B. A. Fahnestock's, Son & Co.,
Sole Proprietor's Pittsburgh, Pa.
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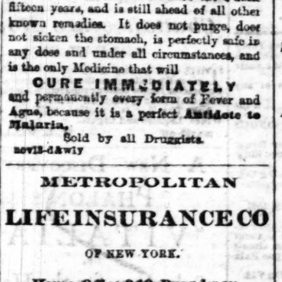

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Fever and Ague
ANTIDOTE
Always Stops the Chills.

This Medicine has been before the Public fifteen years, and is still ahead of all other known remedies. It does not purge, does not sicken the stomach, is perfectly safe in any dose and under all circumstances, and is the only Medicine that will

CURE IMMEDIATELY

and permanently every form of Fever and Ague, because it is a perfect Antidote to Malaria.

Sold by all Druggists.
nov13-d&w1y

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IT enables one, by the best method yet discovered, to provide for his own household.

It protects labor, and garners for the fireside of home the fruits of one's honest toil.

It brings relief to the sorrows of bereavement, and brightens the otherwise desolate path way.

It gives the permanence of an estate or of a fortune to those depending on their daily labor.

It is the safest of all investments, as it thrives even upon the ruins of ordinary financial concerns.

It is a profitable use of funds, yielding better returns than most investments.

It is property not exposed to creditors or taxes, but protected by law for one's dependents.

It brings ready money in a moment, and at just that moment when it is most timely and welcome.

It affords all the conveniences of Savings Institutions, and much larger pecuniary returns.

It is useful for raising money by loan, where otherwise only personal security could be given.

It proffers its benefits to all classes, and men in all pursuits of life, being truly an investment for the million.

It benefits the assured—promoting industry and economy, and prolonging life by relieving it of anxiety.

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L. L. Abbott, Merchant.
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W. A. Hemphill, Esq.

Come, come while ye may—for delay is dangerous. Apply to

HENRY E. CHRISTAIN,
General Agent, State of Georgia,
Office—Marietta Street.

J. A. DUNN, M. D., Medical Examiner.
Atlanta, August 16, 1870.
M. S. Reliable working agents wanted in every county; also a local agent. aug17-d1m

House and Lot for Sale.

THE missing link from the Car Shed.

Apply to J. H. DAVAN,
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HENRY SELTZER,

ON BROAD,

Between Marietta and Walton Streets,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

China, Queens, Glass and Plated-ware,

CUTLERY,

Lamps and House Furnishing Goods,

KEROSENE OIL, WILLOW-WARE,

The Mason's Fruit Jar, (best Preserver) on hand by the Gross and at Retail.

ORDERS SENT BY MAIL FAITHFULLY EXECUTED.
aug13-d6m

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,

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IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

LIME, GUANO, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER & SALT,

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ATLANTA, - - - GEORGIA.

HAVING REMOVED ACROSS THE STREET TO OUR LARGE AND COMMODIOUS STORE, NEXT DOOR TO GLENN & WRIGHT'S, WE ARE NOW PREPARED to receive, store and sell any consignments sent us, and make

Liberal Cash Advances

on the same. With improved facilities and increased trade, can promise quick sales and PROMPT CASH RETURNS. Being sole Agents for the sale of Flour manufactured by the

CELEBRATED "CHAMPION MILLS,"

of Rome, Ga., and receiving large quantities daily, we are prepared to fill all orders sent us promptly, and give our personal guarantee that the quality of this Flour is, and will continue, fully equal, if not superior to any in our market. Have now in store and are receiving daily, large lots of Corn, Hay, Oats, Wheat, Rye, Bacon, Lard, Rye and Corn Whisky, Virginia Apple Brandy, Pure Holland Gin, Tobacco, Candles, &c., &c.

Cotton Yarns, Domestics, Grain Sacks, &c.

Our instructions are to exchange these articles for Cash; consequently we invite the attention of prompt paying customers, to whom we will guarantee LOW PRICES.

We have orders for 50,000 bushels of Wheat, and invite consignments with which to fill the same. Oats, Rye and Barley also wanted.

July1-d6m STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.

COTTON STATES LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF MACON, GEORGIA.

CAPITAL, - - - - - $500,000.

Deposited with State Authorities for protection of Policy-holders, and realizing at least 8 per cent., $150,000.

All Policies Including "Ordinary Life," Non-Forfeiting and So Provided in the Policy.

NO RESTRICTIONS ON RESIDENCE OR TRAVEL.

PREMIUMS AS LOW AS IS COMPATIBLE WITH SAFETY.

RETURN PREMIUM AND JOINT LIFE POLICIES ALSO PARTICIPATE IN PROFITS.

A Loan of One-Third the Premium given, when desired, on all kinds of Policies and no Notes taken Therefor.

1,800 POLICIES ISSUED; LOSSES PAID, $32,500.

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DIVIDENDS DECLARED ANNUALLY, AFTER THE SECOND YEAR.

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J. MERCER GREEN, Med. Ex. JOS. THOMPSON, Agent, Atlanta, Georgia.
E. S. RAY, Medical Examiner.

Agents wanted. Apply to WM. MAGILL, Supt. of Agencies.
aug17-dc6m

PLANTERS, examine the "PATENT GOOCH TIE" before you buy elsewhere. For durability, cheapness and simplicity it cannot be excelled.

sept4-d1m P. E. McDANIEL & CO., Sole Agents.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Notions, Carpets,
OIL CLOTHS, Etc., Etc.

ARE daily making additions to their extensive stock of STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOOD

The Daily Constitution.

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The following gentlemen are regularly authorized, as local Agents, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE CONSTITUTION, at the following places:

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Written for The Constitution
My Lost One.

BY ZORA NELSON.

Fare thee well. When gayer friends surround thee,
And, joy-caressed, thou'rt happiest of the throng—
When music swells in gladd'ning strains around thee,
Wilt thou recall our favorite evening song?
When memory dwells upon each fond word spoken,
As, lip to lip, we breathed the sacred vow,
Ah! then believe my faith remains unbroken,
And feel, as I loved once so I love now.
Forget-me-not!

Fare the well. Be mine the sorrow only.
For me such bliss could not, I well knew, last;
From girlhood, thus, with feelings seared and lonely,
I've ever mourned the dear but blighted "past."
Again, farewell! Yet, as my hopes are riven,
Dear one, for thee my passions warmer glow;
In after years, though angels speak from heaven,
Believe, as I loved once so I love now.
Forget-me-not!

☞ At a recent wedding in Connecticut, the bridal party had swept up the aisle in glorious style, taken their places, and were waiting the words of the clergyman, when an apparently insane gentleman stepped forward, tapped the bridegroom on the shoulder, and said, in a whisper audible to those near by: "Before this affair goes any further, I wish to know one thing—who will build the fires?" The groom, as soon as he could recover from his abashment, and seeing that the question would be repeated, indignantly replied, "I will—only be still."

McMAHON'S DEATH DENIED.—A Paris telegram, dated September 6th, denies McMahon's death. It says he may recover. His troops passed through Namur yesterday to join him at Sedan.

ATLANTA PRICE-CURRENT.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, }
ATLANTA, September 8, 3 o'clock, P. M. }

Trade is still dull. Demand for grain slight. There has been very little change in quotations the past week.

COTTON—Market quiet at 16¼ for middlings; 15¾ for low middlings; 14 for good ordinary, and 12½ for ordinary. Receipts light.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 13; selling at 1 15. Silver buying at 1 08; selling at 1 10. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 30. Rice. 10c, tierces. Soap. 7a8c. Candles, adamantine, 15c. Tallow 12a15c. Sugars, A, 15½c; Extra C, 15; Yellow, C, 14½; Brown, 12¾a14. Rio Coffee 20a24; Java 35a38. Beeswax, 33a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup. 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 38c. Pepper. 37½. Race Ginger, 25c. Starch 9c. Extra State cheese. 15c; Factory, 18c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 40a50c; Tennessee, 35a40.

PROVISIONS—Bacon—Clear sides command 20; clear rib sides 19½; shoulders 16½; plain hams 22a25; canvassed 26a28.

LARD—Choice in barrels 19a19½; kegs and cans 20a21; inferior 18a19.

FLOUR—Stocks full. Superfine per bbl. 6 00a6 50; extra 6 50a7 00; family 7 00a7 50; fancy 8 00.

FACTORY GOODS.—The supply of Factory Goods is ample and the quality the best. offered in any market. Brown Shirtings, 7/8 10a11; B. Shirting 3-4, 9, 4-4 12a13; Bleached shirting, 3/4, 7a8½; Bleached shirting, 7/8, 11½a14½; Brown drills, 14½. Bleached Drills, 15½; Stripes, 14½a17½; Checks, 18½a19; Montour Osnaburgs, 16½a17; Troup, 18½; Yarns, 1 50.

BULK MEATS—Clear sides 19; clear rib sides 18¾; shoulders 14½a15.

GRAIN—Corn, full stock. We quote mixed and yellow at $1 15; and prime white dull, $1 20. Wheat—red 1 10; white 1 25. Oats, 55a60. Rye. 1 25 in but little demand. Barley—fall, 1 50.

DRY GOODS—Lucus 11; Cepragne, 10½a11; Pacific 11; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 8; Amoskeag, 9 1-2. Ticking, Pittsfield, 10; Croton, 12; Albany, 12; Eastern B, 16; Amoskeag D, 22; Hamilton. 30; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A C A 35. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6¾.

TOBACCO MARKET.—Common sound 57½a60; medium sound 65a75; fine sound 80a90; extra fine 1 00a1 35.

LIQUOR MARKET—Whisky, rectified, 1 00 at 25 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a3 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a3 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 50a6 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50a12 00.

HARDWARE—Swedes iron. 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 6a10; City Mills bar, 8a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 50; 3s, common, 6 50; 3s, fine, 8 50. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 20a28c; German. 18a20.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bicarb soda 7a7½ per lb. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6¾a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 16 00a18 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone. 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre. 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a8 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen; 1 50a5 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 2 75; buck, 3 00.

HOGS AND LIVE CATTLE.—Live shotes, 6¼a7¾, owing to size. Live cattle on foot, choice 3¾a4.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a 1 40; Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a 2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 40a45c; Petro, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 2 00a2 25; Coach, 4 50a5 00. White lead, per lb., 9a14; do., pure, 16.

LEATHER AND HIDES.—White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 30 00a60 00 per doz; American calf skins, 35 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; linings kins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry salted, 15a16c; dry flint, 16a18c.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime, 55c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement 4 00 per barrel. Plaster of Paris 4 00 per barrel.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Eggs 20c; chickens 35c; sweet potatoes 1 75a2 00 per peck, new crop, $2 00. Irish potatoes, 3 50a4 00 per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT.—Peeled Peaches 8a12c; not peeled 4a6c; Apples 3a3½c.

BAGGING AND BALE ROPE—Iron ties 6¼a 7; bagging 35; machine rope 10.

Telegraph Markers.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Cotton drooping; uplands 19¾. Flour heavy 10c lower. Wheat dull and lower. Corn lower. Pork heavy at 26 00a26 50. Lard dull. Turpentine firm at 40. Rosin steady. Freights firm.

Stocks rather weak. Gold 13⅞. Money 4a5. Sterling unchanged. 62's 12¾.

LONDON, September 1.—Consols 92. Bonds 89. Tallow 44s. 3d. to 0s.

FRANKFORT, September 8.—Bonds closed steady at 97¾.

LIVERPOOL, September 8.—Cotton heavy; uplands 9⅞d; orleans 9¼a9½; sales 8000. Corn 23s. 3d.

PARIS September 8.—Bourse opened firm. Rentes 69.40.

Railroads.

THE
GREAT SOUTHERN
PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE!
VIA
ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS
BETWEEN
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Quick Time and Sure Connection
VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase **Through Tickets** and have their **Baggage Checked** through from

New Orleans, Mobile,
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to
Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA
AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars
ON
All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta
BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a
Splendid Line of Steamships
From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at
Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta
TO
NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS
J. A. ROBERT,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
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1870!

PASSENGERS DESIRING TO VISIT
ANY OF THE
Northern, Southern, Eastern,
-OR-
WESTERN CITIES

Should study well the attractions offered by the
WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD,
The celebrated Passenger Route of the South.

The Only Route from Atlanta
RUNNING A DOUBLE
DAILY THROUGH PASSENGER TRAIN,
Preventing the Possibility of a Delay of Twenty-Four (24) hours, incident to lines running but one Daily Train.

The Passenger Equipment of this Road is Superior to that of any Road in the South.

In addition to the
LUXURIOUS COACHES
Of the Road, there are attached to all night trains the FAR FAMED
Pullman Sleepers,
Which furnish accommodations equal to a first-class Hotel.

There are on sale at reduced rates, for the summer season, TICKETS to
Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs,
Montgomery White Sulphur Springs,
Alleghany Springs,
Cayner's Springs,
Black Springs,
Warm Springs,
Little Sweet Springs,
Bedford Alum Springs,
Montvale Springs,
Bonbeba Springs,
Natural Bridge, of Virginia,
Lookout Mountain,
Mammoth Cave,
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And all other resorts

IN THE UNITED STATES.

This is the only Road in the South offering for sale Through Tickets to
Yokohama, Japan,
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Steamers Leave San Francisco
FOR
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On the first day of each month.

Tickets can be purchased in all the principal cities. Baggage checked to destination and handled free. Ask for Tickets via

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BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

It is purely vegetable, and is put up in Atlanta, Ga., by Bradfield & Co.

It will purify the blood and strengthen the system, relieve irritation of the kidneys, and is a perfect specific for all the above diseases, as certain a cure as quinine is in Chills and Fevers.

For a history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper around the bottle

Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

LAGRANGE, GA., March 22, 1870.

BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Georgia:

DEAR SIRS: I take pleasure in stating that I have used, for the last twenty years, the medicine you are putting up, known as DR. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the diseases for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription, both as a practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength.

With my kindest regards, I am, respectfully,
W. B. FERRELL, M. D.

We, the undersigned Druggists, take pleasure in commending to the trade Dr. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR—believing it to be a good and reliable remedy for the diseases for which he recommends it.

W. A. LANSDELL, Atlanta, Georgia.
PEMBERTON, WILLSON, TAYLOR & CO., Atlanta, Georgia.
REDWINE & FOX, Atlanta, Georgia.
W. C. HUTCHINS, Atlanta, Georgia.
W. ROOT & SON, Marietta, Georgia.

DR. PROPHITT'S
Celebrated Liver Medicine.

It is purely vegetable, and will act upon the Liver and Kidneys as promptly as Calomel and Buchu, without any danger of salivation or destruction of the bones.

Parties taking this medicine need not fear getting wet, or any other reasonable exposure.

Symptoms of Liver Disease:

Headache, Dull Feeling or the Blues, Sour Stomach, Sick or Nervous Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Bad or Bitter Taste in the Mouth, the skin has a thick, rough feeling, and is darker than usual, Costiveness, Melancholy Feelings, Cramps, Cold Feet, Colic, Dysentery, or Diarrhœa, Chills and Fever, and Piles. In fact, where the Liver is out of order, you are liable to every disease that is not contagious.

Prophitt's Liver Medicine, if taken properly, will prevent and cure any disease resulting from a deranged Liver.

It will regulate its functions and thus cure all diseases caused by the failure of its healthy action.

It has been used for a great number of years, and has given universal satisfaction.

There is no brother or son claiming to have the original receipt. It is put up in both Powder and Fluid form.

FAIRBURN, GA., September 4, 1868.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT:

SIR: My wife has been an invalid for fifteen years. Doctors all agreed she had "Liver Disease." In connection with their practice she used various noted remedies, none of which seemed to do any good. Sometime ago I procured a bottle of your "Liver Medicine," of your agent here, C. A. Harvey, which being given according to directions, has effected a complete cure.

Respectfully, etc.,
GEO. L. THOMPSON.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, July 18, 1870.

MESSRS. BRADFIELD & CO.:

GENTLEMEN—Last year, during my travels in Alabama and Southwest Georgia, I contracted chills and fever, and my general health became very bad. I tried various remedies, and among others Shallen's Fever Pills—to no purpose. I was troubled with intense pain in the small of my back, and for months I did not have a moment's rest. I was well nigh despaired of recovering when a friend recommended me to take Dr. Prophitt's Liver Medicine. I did so, and one bottle has cured me, and to-day I feel like another man. I consider it one of the best medicines for general use now put up, and, without any reservation, recommend it to the afflicted. I am, gentlemen, very respectfully yours, etc.,
O. M. HARRALSON.

DR. PROPHITT'S DYSENTERY CORDIAL

Is one of the most valuable compounds now put up for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, or Cholera Morbus

This medicine has been in use for years, and gives universal satisfaction.

The most delicate child may take it with impunity.

COVINGTON, GA., November 9, 1867.

DR. PROPHITT:

Having a severe attack of Dysentery during the past summer, I was induced to use your Dysentery Cordial, and was delighted therefrom its immediate and permanent relief. It gives me pleasure to recommend this remedy to all who may be so attacked, believing that, should the directions be followed, relief would surely be obtained.

Truly, etc.,
O. S. PORTER.

CUSSETA, TEXAS, 1869.

DR. PROPHITT:

DEAR SIR: Your Liver Medicine and Pain Kill it is a complete success.
J. L. WHITTLE.

PROPHITT'S
PAIN KILL IT.

This is the celebrated medicine that ran Perry Davis' Pain Killer out of the market, wherever it was sold. We simply changed the name from Pain Killer to PAIN KILL IT.

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, or pain of any kind, it has no superior.

For Cuts, Bruises, Burns, or old Sores, it is the best thing you can use as a dressing.

For SNAKE BITES or STINGS of POISONOUS INSECTS, it is a perfect ANTIDOTE.

It is good for Colic, Colds, Coughs, or Bowel Complaint. Its name indicates its nature fully It is truly DEATH to pain.

Manufactured and sold by BRADFIELD & CO. Atlanta, Georgia, and for sale by all Druggists.

NEWTON FACTORY, GA., November, 1867.

DR. PROPHITT:

Last summer my horse sprained his knee severely, causing the whole leg to swell to about twice its natural size, and rendering him almost helpless; two applications of your Anodyne Pain Kill it thoroughly cured it.
JOHN B. DAVIS.

DR. PROPHITT'S
Fever and Ague Pills.

THE best Antidote for Chills and Fever known. Cures warranted in every case or money refunded. Purely vegetable.

DR. PROPHITT'S
ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

WILL relieve Headache, Nervousness, Jaundice, and all other derangements of the Liver. Purely vegetable.

Manufactured and for sale by BRADFIELD & CO., Bowel Street, Atlanta, Georgia, and for sale by all Druggists of Atlanta, Georgia, at manufacturers prices.

CERTIFICATES.

We, the undersigned, have used Dr. Prophitt's Preparations, and take pleasure in recommending them to the public, as being all he claims for them:

Colonel R J Henderson, Covington, Ga.; O I Rogers, Covington, Ga.; O S Porter, Covington Ga.; Prof. J L Jones, Covington, Ga.; M W Arnold, Georgia Conference; Rev W W Oslin, Georgia Conference; P W Bonnell, Monticello, Ga.; Robert Burns, Jasper county, Ga.; A M Robinson, Monticello, Ga.; James Wright, Putnam county, Ga.; A Weatherford, Putnam county, Ga.; Judge J J Flord, Covington, Ga.; W L Bebee, Covington Enterprise; A R Zachry, Conyers Ga.; George Winslow, Atlanta, Ga.; Dick Lockett, Dougherty county, Ga.; Wyatt Whatley, Canada, Texas; W J Roberts, Linden county, Texas; Tommey & Stewart, Atlanta, Ga.; W A Lansdell, Druggists, Atlanta, Georgia; E F Mosley & F Maddox & Co, Atlanta, Ga.; Uriah Stevens, Cartersville, Ga.; A R Louis, Lowndes county, Ga.; Joseph Hand, Lowndes county, Ga.; Jno Jay, Cartersville, Ga.; W L Mills, Dooly county, Ga.; W A Forehand, Dooly county, Ga.; John B Davis, Newton Factory; B F Bass, Lowndes county.

STATE OF GEORGIA, } Know all men by
FULTON COUNTY. } these presents, That
I, the undersigned, for and in consideration of the sum of FORTY DOLLARS, the sole right to manufacture and sell my Family Medicines, and have formulated them with the full receipts, and have authorized the said BRADFIELD & CO., to print, or have printed, anything they may see proper, concerning any and all of above named Medicines. This 14th day of May, 1870.
Signed, O. S. PROPHITT.
In presence of Thomas F. Jones, and Robert Crawford, Notary Public. [L. S.]
And for sale by all Druggists.
julyl9-6m&wly

HARDWARE
AT
Wholesale and Retail

TOMMEY
SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS OFFERED
&
OUR STOCK IS LARGE
STEWART.
and varied. It consists of everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store.

TOMMEY & STEWART,
feb8-dly Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS
AND
MILLINERS.

HILL & KETCHAM,
257 *Canal Street, New York.*

INVITE the attention of the Southern trade to their complete assortment of

STRAW GOODS,

and all articles in the Millinery line, consisting of Straw, Silk and Velvet Hats, Bonnets, Straw Cords and Tassels, Flowers and Feathers, Trimmings of all kinds, Bonnet and Hat Frames, etc.

Special attention is given to a line of Trimmed Goods, for country trade. Orders filled with great care. A trial of styles and prices is solicited.

HILL & KETCHAM,
257 Canal Street,
Between Broadway and Exeter Hotel
nov28-dly

ROSADALIS!

ROSADALIS

THE Great American Health Restorer, purifies the blood and cures Scrofula, Syphilis, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Diseases of Women, and all Chronic Affections of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys. Recommended by the Medical Faculty and many thousands of our best citizens.

Read the testimony of Physicians and patients who have used Rosadalis. Send for our Rosadalis Guide to Health Book or Almanac for this year, which we publish for gratuitous distribution; it will give you much valuable information.

DR. R. W. CARR, of Baltimore, says:

I take pleasure in recommending your Rosadalis as a very powerful alterative. I have seen it used in two cases with happy results—one in a case of secondary syphilis, in which the patient pronounced himself cured after having taken five bottles of your medicine. The other is a case of Scrofula of long standing, which is rapidly improving under its use, and the indications are that the patient will soon recover. I have carefully examined the formula by which your Rosadalis is made, and find it an excellent compound of alterative ingredients.

Dr. Sparks, of Nicholasville, Ky., says he has used Rosadalis in a case of Scrofula and Secondary Syphilis with satisfactory results—as a cleaner of the Blood I know no better remedy.

Samuel G. McFadden, Murfreesboro' Tenn., says:

I have used seven bottles of Rosadalis, and am entirely cured of Rheumatism; send me four bottles, as I wish it for my brother, who has scrofulous sore eyes.

Benjamin Bechtol, of Lima, Ohio, writes: I have suffered for twenty years with an inveterate eruption over my whole body; a short time since I purchased a bottle of Rosadalis and it effected a perfect cure.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists.

Laboratory, 61 Exchange Place, Baltimore.

DR. CLEMENTS & CO.,
Proprietors
L. H. BRADFIELD,
Wholesale Agent, Atlanta, Ga., sells Rosadalis at Proprietors rates. may 1-dly

Chattahoochee House,
WEST POINT, GA.

THIS well known Railroad Dinner House has recently undergone thorough repairs, and the Proprietor is now better prepared to accommodate his guests than formerly.

☞ The Bar is supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
may29-dtf W. L. WILLIAMS.

A NEW DISCOVERY!!
PHALON'S
"VITALIA;"
OR,
Salvation for the Hair.
CLEAR AS WATER!
WITHOUT SEDIMENT!!
OPEN TO THE LIGHT!!!
For Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.

PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the hair coloring preparations heretofore used. It is limpid, sweet smelling, precipitates no muddy or slimy matter, requires no shaking, imparts no stain to the skin. Hold it to the light and it is clear and colorless. It leaves no mark on the scalp; yet it reproduces in gray hair the natural color that time or sickness may have bleached out of it.

☞ Phalon's Vitalia ☜ is for one sole purpose, that of reproducing, with absolute certainty, the natural color of the hair. It is not intended as a daily dressing, nor for removing scurf or dandruff; nor for curing baldness; nor for stimulating the growth of the hair.—These objects may be accomplished after the color has been fixed with the Vitalia, by Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator.

THE VITALIA is a harmless and unequaled preparation for the reproduction of the original hue of gray hair, and nothing else. This is accomplished in from two to ten applications, according to the depth of shade required. Sold by all druggists.

Baltimore Notices.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR
SAW MILLS,
Also Stationary and Portable
Steam Engines, &c.
No. 5 Schroeder Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ Send for Catalogue and Price List.
julyl7-dly

feb13—dtf

To All Whom it May Concern.

YOUR attention is called to sections 371 and 382 of the City Code. They have been so amended that one notification from me is sufficient, and I now notify all parties, who comes under the scope of said sections, to remove all obstructions, Sweepings, Hair, Fuel, Slop, or Washings, within six hours, and will say that you are not allowed to put the boxes, used to place such accumulation in, upon the street or sidewalk, except on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings, when a Scavenger Cart will pass around and empty them.
Apr26-dtf G. W. ANDERSON, Marshal.

Valuable Real Estate,
AT GAINESVILLE, GA., FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE built and occupied by Haise E. Beverly, covered, a summer residence. Any amount of Wood Land can be purchased, convenient.
Apply to
E. A. GOWER,
At Cartersville,
Or, R. V. COBB,
Gainesville, Ga.

N. B.—Some Valuable Mill Property for sale in the immediate vicinity of Gainesville. apr16-dtf

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INFIRMARY FOR THE BLIND,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

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Ex Governor J. E. Brown, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev. Dr. Jesse Boring, M. D., Professor Medical College, Atlanta, Ga.
Pemberton, Taylor & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.
I. F. Cox, President Baptist Female College, LaGrange, Georgia.
Rev. R. W. Fuller, Pastor First Baptist Church, Atlanta, Georgia.
Prof. I. J. Morris, Auburn, Ala.
Hon. J. T. Clark, Cuthbert, Ga.
Hon. John Erskine, Judge U. S. D. C., Atlanta, Georgia.
Rev. I. J. Wood, Rome, Ga
Rev. T. H. Murphy, Hogansville, Ga.
Hon. C. B. Wooten, Lawson, Ga.
Rev. B. L. Ross, M. D., Fort Valley, Ga.
Hon. R. A. Turnipseed, Fort Gaines, Ga.
Captain G. S. Duplap, Macon, Ga.
G. S. Dasher, Conductor S. W. Railroad, Ga
Colonel B. A. Thornton, Columbus, Ga.
Hon. Wm. M. Tumlin, Cuthbert, Ga.
Colonel B. J. Smith, Cuthbert, Ga.
Rev. A. S. Worrell, Editor Baptist Sentinel and Pres. Lex. Female College, Ga.
Rev. Aug. W. Walker, Conyersboro', S. C.
F. B. Moodie, General Agent Mississippi Valley Life Insurance Company, Louisville, Ky.
Hon. W. D. Davenport, Lone Star, Texas.
Hon. C. A. Stanton, Plano, Collins county, Texas.
Hon. Thomas Pullum, Union Springs, Ala.
Rev. Morgan Calloway, Pres. Meth. Female College, LaGrange, Ga.
J. J. Toon, Proprietor Franklin Steam Printing House, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev. D. Shaver, Editor Index and Baptist, Atlanta, Ga.
W. A. Hemphill & Co., Proprietors Atlanta Constitution.

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junel8-3m

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July17-dtf D. T. WHITE.

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This is a hard, compact paper, like an ordinary book cover, and is saturated with tar and used on the outside of frame buildings, under the clapboards, also under shingles and floors, to keep out damp, cold and heat. It is also used on the inside, not saturated, instead of Plastering, and makes a warm and healthy wall. Rolls only from $5 to $30 (according to size) to cover houses on the outside. ☞ Samples and descriptive circular sent free.

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Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.

We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.

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Importers of Choice Drugs and Chemicals,
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janl5-dly

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aug6-dlm

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The organization of the institution is very complete, embracing extensive and thorough courses of Instruction in Literature and Science, and in the professions of Law, Medicine and Engineering.

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For details send for circulars. F. G. DUPUY, Secretary of Virginia.
J. L. MAUPIN,
Chairman of the Faculty.
julyl9-dcc3m

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sept6-dtf Z. M. ELYEA.

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